# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

# **B.TECH. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

## COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (2016-17)

## II YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No	Course Code	Course Title		Т	Р	Credits
1	MA301BS	Mathematics – IV	4	1	0	4
2	CS302ES	Data Structures through C++	4	0	0	4
3	CS303ES	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science		0	0	4
4	CS304ES	Digital Logic Design		0	0	3
5	CS305ES	Object Oriented Programming through Java	3	0	0	3
6	CS306ES	Data Structures through C++ Lab	0	0	3	2
7	CS307ES	IT Workshop	0	0	3	2
8	CS308ES	Object Oriented Programming through Java Lab		0	3	2
9	* MC300ES	Environmental Science and Technology		0	0	0
		Total Credits	21	1	9	24

## II YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No	Course	Course Course Title		Т	Р	Credits	
	Code	Course The	L	I	r	Creans	
1	CS401BS	Computer Organization		0	0	4	
2	CS402ES	Database Management Systems	4	0	0	4	
3	CS403ES	Operating Systems		0	0	4	
4	CS404ES	Formal Languages and Automata Theory		0	0	3	
5	SM405MS	Business Economics and Financial Analysis		0	0	3	
6	CS406ES	Computer Organization Lab		0	3	2	
7	CS407ES	Database Management Systems Lab		0	3	2	
8	CS408ES	Operating Systems Lab		0	3	2	
9	* MC400HS	Gender Sensitization Lab		0	3	0	
		Total Credits	18	0	12	24	

\* Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory

# MA301BS: MATHEMATICS - IV (Complex Variables and Fourier Analysis)

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T P C 4 1 0 4

Prerequisites: Foundation course (No Prerequisites).

## Course Objectives: To learn

- differentiation and integration of complex valued functions
- evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula
- Laurent's series expansion of complex functions
- evaluation of integrals using Residue theorem
- express a periodic function by Fourier series and a non-periodic function by Fourier transform
- to analyze the displacements of one dimensional wave and distribution of one dimensional heat equation

**Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to:

- analyze the complex functions with reference to their analyticity, integration using Cauchy's integral theorem
- find the Taylor's and Laurent's series expansion of complex functions
- the bilinear transformation
- express any periodic function in term of sines and cosines
- express a non-periodic function as integral representation
- analyze one dimensional wave and heat equation

# UNIT – I

**Functions of a complex variable:** Introduction, Continuity, Differentiability, Analyticity, properties, Cauchy, Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates. Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions-Milne-Thompson method

# UNIT - II

**Complex integration:** Line integral, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, and Generalized Cauchy's integral formula, Power series: Taylor's series- Laurent series, Singular points, isolated singular points, pole of order m – essential singularity, Residue, Cauchy Residue theorem (Without proof).

# UNIT – III

**Evaluation of Integrals:** Types of real integrals:

a) Improper real integrals  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx$  (b)  $\int_{c}^{c+2\pi} f(\cos\theta, \sin\theta) d\theta$ 

Bilinear transformation- fixed point- cross ratio- properties- invariance of circles.

# UNIT – IV

**Fourier series and Transforms:** Introduction, Periodic functions, Fourier series of periodic function, Dirichlet's conditions, Even and odd functions, Change of interval, Half range sine and cosine series.

Fourier integral theorem (without proof), Fourier sine and cosine integrals, sine and cosine, transforms, properties, inverse transforms, Finite Fourier transforms.

# UNIT – V

**Applications of PDE:** Classification of second order partial differential equations, method of separation of variables, Solution of one dimensional wave and heat equations.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. A first course in complex analysis with applications by Dennis G. Zill and Patrick Shanahan, Johns and Bartlett Publishers.
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers.
- 3. Advanced engineering Mathematics with MATLAB by Dean G. Duffy

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Complex Analysis by Saff, E. B. and A. D. Snider, Pearson.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Louis C. Barrett, McGraw Hill.

# CS302ES: DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH C++

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 4 0 0 4

## **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types, Linear and Non Linear Data structures.
- To understand the notations used to analyze the Performance of algorithms.
- To understand the behavior of data structures such as stacks, queues, trees, hash tables, search trees, Graphs and their representations.
- To choose an appropriate data structure for a specified application.
- To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.
- To learn to implement ADTs such as lists, stacks, queues, trees, graphs, search trees in C++ to solve problems.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to choose appropriate data structures to represent data items in real world problems.
- Ability to analyze the time and space complexities of algorithms.
- Ability to design programs using a variety of data structures such as stacks, queues, hash tables, binary trees, search trees, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
  - Able to analyze and implement various kinds of searching and sorting techniques.

## UNIT - I

C++ **Programming Concepts:** Review of C, input and output in C++, functions in C++value parameters, reference parameters, Parameter passing, function overloading, function templates, Exceptions-throwing an exception and handling an exception, arrays, pointers, new and delete operators, class and object, access specifiers , friend functions, constructors and destructor, Operator overloading, class templates, Inheritance and Polymorphism..

**Basic Concepts** - Data objects and Structures, Algorithm Specification-Introduction, Recursive algorithms, Data Abstraction, Performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big O, Omega and Theta notations, Complexity Analysis Examples, Introduction to Linear and Non Linear data structures.

## UNIT - II

Representation of single, two dimensional arrays, sparse matrices-array and linked representations.

Linear list ADT-array representation and linked representation, Singly Linked Lists-Operations-Insertion, Deletion, Circularly linked lists-Operations for Circularly linked lists, Doubly Linked Lists- Operations- Insertion, Deletion. Stack ADT, definition, array and linked implementations, applications-infix to postfix conversion, Postfix expression evaluation, recursion implementation, Queue ADT, definition, array and linked Implementations, Circular queues-Insertion and deletion operations.

## UNIT - III

Trees – definition, terminology, Binary trees-definition, Properties of Binary Trees, Binary Tree ADT, representation of Binary Trees-array and linked representations, Binary Tree traversals, Threaded binary trees, Priority Queues –Definition and applications, Max Priority Queue ADT-implementation-Max Heap-Definition, Insertion into a Max Heap, Deletion from a Max Heap.

# UNIT - IV

Searching - Linear Search, Binary Search, Hashing-Introduction, hash tables, hash functions, Overflow Handling, Comparison of Searching methods.

Sorting-Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Radix Sort, Quick sort, Heap Sort, Merge sort, Comparison of Sorting methods.

# UNIT - V

Graphs–Definitions, Terminology, Applications and more definitions, Properties, Graph ADT, Graph Representations- Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists, Graph Search methods - DFS and BFS, Complexity analysis,

Search Trees-Binary Search Tree ADT, Definition, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, Balanced search trees-AVL Trees-Definition and Examples only, B-Trees-Definition and Examples only, Red-Black Trees-Definitions and Examples only, Comparison of Search Trees.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Sartaj Sahni, Universities Press.
- 2. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, Adam Drozdek, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Cengage learning.

- 1. Data structures with C++, J. Hubbard, Schaum's outlines, TMH.
- 2. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, M.T. Goodrich, R. Tamassia and D. Mount, Wiley India.
- 3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, M. A. Weiss, Pearson.
- 4. Classic Data Structures, D. Samanta, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, PHI.

## **CS303ES: MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 4 0 0 4

# **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the concepts of mathematical logic.
- To introduce the concepts of sets, relations, and functions.
- To perform the operations associated with sets, functions, and relations.
- To relate practical examples to the appropriate set, function, or relation model, and interpret the associated operations and terminology in context.
- To introduce generating functions and recurrence relations.
- To use Graph Theory for solving problems.

# **Course Outcomes**

- Ability to apply mathematical logic to solve problems.
- Understand sets, relations, functions, and discrete structures.
- Able to use logical notation to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts such as sets, relations, and functions.
- Able to formulate problems and solve recurrence relations.
- Able to model and solve real-world problems using graphs and trees.

# UNIT - I

**Mathematical logic:** Introduction, Statements and Notation, Connectives, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for the Statement Calculus, The Predicate Calculus, Inference Theory of the Predicate Calculus.

# UNIT - II

**Set theory:** Introduction, Basic Concepts of Set Theory, Representation of Discrete Structures, Relations and Ordering, Functions.

Algebraic Structures: Introduction, Algebraic Systems, Semi groups and Monoids, Groups, Lattices as Partially Ordered Sets, Boolean algebra.

# UNIT - III

**Elementary Combinatorics:** Basics of Counting, Combinations and Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations, Enumerating Combinations and Permutations with Repetitions, Enumerating Permutations with Constrained Repetitions, Binomial Coefficients, The Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, The Principle of Inclusion-Exclusion.

# UNIT - IV

**Recurrence Relations:** Generating Functions of Sequences, Calculating Coefficients of generating functions, Recurrence relations, Solving recurrence relations by substitution and

Generating functions, The method of Characteristic roots, Solutions of Inhomogeneous Recurrence Relations.

# UNIT - V

**Graphs:** Basic Concepts, Isomorphisms and Subgraphs, Trees and their Properties, Spanning Trees, Directed Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multigraphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four-Color Problem.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J.P. Tremblay, R. Manohar, McGraw Hill education (India) Private Limited. (UNITS - I, II)
- 2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians, Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. (Units III, IV, V)

- 1. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Kenneth H. Rosen, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill education (India) Private Limited.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics, D.S. Malik & M.K. Sen, Revised edition Cengage Learning.
- 3. Elements of Discrete Mathematics, C. L. Liu and D. P. Mohapatra, 4th edition, McGraw Hill education (India) Private Limited.
- 4. Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Thomas Koshy, Elsevier.
- 5. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, R. P. Grimaldi, Pearson.

## **CS304ES: DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN**

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

## **Course Objectives:**

- To understand basic number systems, codes and logical gates.
- To understand the concepts of Boolean algebra.
- To understand the use of minimization logic to solve the Boolean logic expressions..
- To understand the design of combinational and sequential circuits.
- To understand the state reduction methods for Sequential circuits.
- To understand the basics of various types of memories.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to understand number systems and codes.
- Able to solve Boolean expressions using Minimization methods.
- Able to design the sequential and combinational circuits.
- Able to apply state reduction methods to solve sequential circuits.

## UNIT - I

Digital Systems, Binary Numbers, Number base conversions, Octal, Hexadecimal and other base numbers, complements, signed binary numbers, Floating point number representation, binary codes, Error detection and correction, binary storage and registers, binary logic, Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Digital Logic Gates.

# UNIT - II

Gate-Level Minimization, The K-Map Method, Three-Variable Map, Four-Variable Map, Five-Variable Map, sum of products, product of sums simplification, Don't care conditions, NAND and NOR implementation and other two level implementations, Exclusive-OR function.

# UNIT - III

Combinational Circuits (CC), Analysis procedure, Design Procedure, Combinational circuit for different code converters and other problems, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers.

# UNIT - IV

Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Latches, Flip-flops, analysis of clocked sequential circuits, Registers, Shift registers, Ripple counters, Synchronous counters, other counters.

Asynchronous Sequential Circuits -Introduction, Analysis procedure, Circuits with latches, Design procedure, Reduction of state and follow tables, Race- free state assignment, Hazards.

# L T P C 3 0 0 3

# UNIT - V

Memory: Introduction, Random-Access memory, Memory decoding, ROM, Programmable Logic Array, Programmable Array Logic, Sequential programmable devices.

Register Transfer and Microoperations - Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers,

Arithmetic Microoperations, Logic Microoperations, Shift Microoperations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Design, M. Morris Mano, M.D.Ciletti, 5th edition, Pearson.(Units I, II, III, IV, Part of Unit V)
- 2. Computer System Architecture, M.Morris Mano, 3rd edition, Pearson.(Part of Unit V)

- 1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory, Z. Kohavi, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Fundamentals of Logic Design, C. H. Roth, L. L. Kinney, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Logic & Micro Computer Design, 5TH Edition, M. Rafiquzzaman, John Wiley.

# CS305ES: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the object oriented programming concepts.
- To understand object oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- To introduce the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrate how they relate to the design of abstract classes
- To introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces
- To introduce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.
- To introduce the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swing controls.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Able to solve real world problems using OOP techniques.
- Able to understand the use of abstract classes.
- Able to solve problems using java collection framework and I/o classes.
- Able to develop multithreaded applications with synchronization.
- Able to develop applets for web applications.
- Able to design GUI based applications

# UNIT - I

**Object-oriented thinking**- A way of viewing world – Agents and Communities, messages and methods, Responsibilities, Classes and Instances, Class Hierarchies- Inheritance, Method binding, Overriding and Exceptions, Summary of Object-Oriented concepts. Java buzzwords, An Overview of Java, Data types, Variables and Arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, Introducing classes, Methods and Classes, String handling.

**Inheritance**– Inheritance concept, Inheritance basics, Member access, Constructors, Creating Multilevel hierarchy, super uses, using final with inheritance, Polymorphism-ad hoc polymorphism, pure polymorphism, method overriding, abstract classes, Object class, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance.

## UNIT - II

Packages- Defining a Package, CLASSPATH, Access protection, importing packages.

**Interfaces-** defining an interface, implementing interfaces, Nested interfaces, applying interfaces, variables in interfaces and extending interfaces.

**Stream based I/O(java.io)** – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, The Console class, Serialization, Enumerations, auto boxing, generics.

# UNIT - III

**Exception handling -** Fundamentals of exception handling, Exception types, Termination or resumptive models, Uncaught exceptions, using try and catch, multiple catch clauses, nested try statements, throw, throws and finally, built- in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

**Multithreading-** Differences between thread-based multitasking and process-based multitasking, Java thread model, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication.

# UNIT - IV

**The Collections Framework (java.util)-** Collections overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection classes- Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set, Priority Queue, Array Deque. Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each alternative, Map Interfaces and Classes, Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays, The Legacy Classes and Interfaces- Dictionary, Hashtable ,Properties, Stack, Vector

More Utility classes, String Tokenizer, Bit Set, Date, Calendar, Random, Formatter, Scanner

# UNIT - V

**GUI Programming with Swing** – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers. Understanding Layout Managers, Flow Layout, Border Layout, Grid Layout, Card Layout, Grid Bag Layout.

**Event Handling-** The Delegation event model- Events, Event sources, Event Listeners, Event classes, Handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes, Inner classes, Anonymous Inner classes.

A Simple Swing Application, **Applets** – Applets and HTML, Security Issues, Applets and Applications, passing parameters to applets. Creating a Swing Applet, Painting in Swing, A Paint example, Exploring Swing Controls- JLabel and Image Icon, JText Field, The Swing Buttons- JButton, JToggle Button, JCheck Box, JRadio Button, JTabbed Pane, JScroll Pane, JList, JCombo Box, Swing Menus, Dialogs.

# TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Java The complete reference, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Herbert Schildt, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Understanding Object-Oriented Programming with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

- 1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons.
- 2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 3. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, Universities Press.
- 4. Programming in Java, S. Malhotra, S. Chudhary, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. Java Programming and Object oriented Application Development, R. A. Johnson, Cengage Learning.

## CS306ES: DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH C++ LAB

#### B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

# L T P C 0 0 3 2

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To write and execute programs in C++ to solve problems using data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, graphs, hash tables and search trees.
- To learn to write C++programs to implement various sorting and searching algorithms

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to identify the appropriate data structures and algorithms for solving real world problems.
- Able to implement various kinds of searching and sorting techniques.
- Able to implement data structures such as stacks, queues, Search trees, and hash tables to solve various computing problems.
- 1. Write a C++ program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - a) Create a singly linked list of integers.
  - b) Delete a given integer from the above linked list.
  - c) Display the contents of the above list after deletion.
- 2. Write a template based C++ program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - a) Create a doubly linked list of elements.
  - b) Delete a given element from the above doubly linked list.
  - c) Display the contents of the above list after deletion.
- 3. Write a C++ program that uses stack operations to convert a given infix expression into its postfix equivalent, Implement the stack using an array.
- 4. Write a C++ program to implement a double ended queue ADT using an array, using a doubly linked list.
- 5. Write a C++ program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - a) Create a binary search tree of characters.
  - b) Traverse the above Binary search tree recursively in preorder, in order and post order,
- 6. Write a C++ program that uses function templates to perform the following:
  - a) Search for a key element in a list of elements using linear search.
  - b) Search for a key element in a list of sorted elements using binary search.
- 7. Write a C++ program that implements Insertion sort algorithm to arrange a list of integers in ascending order.

- 8. Write a template based C++ program that implements selection sort algorithm to arrange a list of elements in descending order.
- 9. Write a template based C++ program that implements Quick sort algorithm to arrange a list of elements in ascending order.
- 10. Write a C++ program that implements Heap sort algorithm for sorting a list of integers in ascending order.
- 11. Write a C++ program that implements Merge sort algorithm for sorting a list of integers in ascending order
- 12. Write a C++ program to implement all the functions of a dictionary (ADT) using hashing.
- 13. Write a C++ program that implements Radix sort algorithm for sorting a list of integers in ascending order
- 14. Write a C++ program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - a) Create a binary search tree of integers.
  - b) Traverse the above Binary search tree non recursively in inorder.
- 15. Write a C++ program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - a) Create a binary search tree of integers.
  - b) Search for an integer key in the above binary search tree non recursively.
  - c) Search for an integer key in the above binary search tree recursively.

- 1. Data Structures using C++, D. S. Malik, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Cengage learning.
- 2. Data Structures using C++, V. Patil, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Fundamentals of Data structures in C++, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and D. Mehta, Universities Press.
- 4. C++ Plus Data Structures, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Nell Dale, Jones and Bartlett student edition.

## **CS307ES: IT WORKSHOP**

#### **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 0 0 3 2

## **Course Objectives:**

- The IT Workshop is a training lab course to get training on PC Hardware, Internet & World Wide Web, and Productivity tools for documentation, Spreadsheet computations, and Presentation.
- To introduce to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers, hardware and software level troubleshooting process.
- To introduce connecting the PC on to the internet from home and workplace and effectively usage of the internet, Usage of web browsers, email, newsgroups and discussion forums. To get knowledge in awareness of cyber hygiene, i.e., protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber attacks.
- To introduce the usage of Productivity tools in crafting professional word documents, excel spreadsheets and power point presentations using open office tools and LaTeX.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Apply knowledge for computer assembling and software installation.
- Ability how to solve the trouble shooting problems.
- Apply the tools for preparation of PPT, Documentation and budget sheet etc.

**PC Hardware:** The students should work on working PC to disassemble and assemble to working condition and install operating system like Linux or any other on the same PC. Students are suggested to work similar tasks in the Laptop scenario wherever possible.

**Problem 1:** Every student should identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor. Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition.

**Problem 2:** Every student should individually install operating system like Linux or MS windows on the personal computer. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux.

**Problem 3:** Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

**Problem 4:** Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

## Internet & World Wide Web.

**Problem 5**: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate how to access the websites and email.

**Problem 6:** Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

**Problem 7**: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. Usage of search engines like Google, Yahoo, ask.com and others should be demonstrated by student.

**Problem 8:** Cyber Hygiene: Students should learn about viruses on the internet and install antivirus software. Student should learn to customize the browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

**Problem 9:** Develop home page: Student should learn to develop his/her home page using HTML consisting of his/her photo, name, address and education details as a table and his/her skill set as a list.

## Productivity tools: LaTeX and Word

**Word Orientation**: An overview of LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office / equivalent (FOSS) tool word should be learned: Importance of LaTeX and MS office / equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the three tasks and features that should be covered in each, using LaTeX and word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter.

**Problem 10: Using LaTeX and Word** to create project certificate. Features to be covered:-Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both LaTeX and Word.

**Problem 11: Creating project** abstract Features to be covered:-Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.

**Problem 12: Creating a Newsletter:** Features to be covered:- Table of Content, Newspaper columns, Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes, Paragraphs in word.

**Problem 13 - Spreadsheet Orientation:** Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving spreadsheet files, Using help and resources. **Creating a Scheduler:**- Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

**Problem 14: Calculating GPA** - .Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in spreadsheet – average, std. deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function, Sorting, Conditional formatting.

**Problem 15: Creating Power Point:** Student should work on basic power point utilities and tools in Latex and Ms Office/equivalent (FOSS) which help them create basic power point presentation. PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows, Hyperlinks, Inserting Images, Tables and Charts

- 1. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education.
- 2. LaTeX Companion Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
- 3. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dreamtech
- 4. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide Third Edition by David Anfinson and Ken Quamme. CISCO Press, Pearson Education.
- 5. PC Hardware and A+ Handbook Kate J. Chase PHI (Microsoft)

## CS308ES: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 0 0 3 2

# **Course Objectives:**

- To write programs using abstract classes.
- To write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- To write multithreaded programs.
- To write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform.
- To impart hands on experience with java programming.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- Able to write programs using abstract classes.
- Able to write multithreaded programs.
- Able to write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.

# Note:

- 1. Use Linux and MySQL for the Lab Experiments. Though not mandatory, encourage the use of Eclipse platform.
- 2. The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.
- 1. Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class, and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods, and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.
- 2. Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,\*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero.
- 3. A) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.
  - b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.
- 4. Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1

and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box.

- 5. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
- 6. Write a Java program for the following:
  - i) Create a doubly linked list of elements.
  - ii) Delete a given element from the above list.
  - iii) Display the contents of the list after deletion.
- 7. Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with "Stop" or "Ready" or "Go" should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
- 8. Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle, and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.
- 9. Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.
- 10. Write a Java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired (Use Adapter classes).
- 11. Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
- 12. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer consumer problem using the concept of interthread communication.
- 13. Write a Java program to list all the files in a directory including the files present in all its subdirectories.

- 14. Write a Java program that implements Quick sort algorithm for sorting a list of names in ascending order
- 15. Write a Java program that implements Bubble sort algorithm for sorting in descending order and also shows the number of interchanges occurred for the given set of integers.

- 1. Java for Programmers, P. J. Deitel and H. M. Deitel, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition Pearson education.
- 2. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Programming, D. S. Malik and P. S. Nair, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Core Java, Volume 1, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Cay S. Horstmann and G Cornell, Pearson.

## MC300ES: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## **B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

# L T P C 3 0 0 0

## **Course Objectives:**

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

## **Course Outcomes:**

Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development

## UNIT - I

**Ecosystems:** Definition, Scope and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

## UNIT - II

**Natural Resources: Classification of Resources:** Living and Non-Living resources, water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

## UNIT - III

**Biodiversity And Biotic Resources:** Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

## UNIT - IV

**Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution:** Classification of pollution, **Air Pollution:** Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. **Water pollution:** Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. **Soil Pollution:** Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. **Noise Pollution:** Sources and Health hazards, standards, **Solid waste:** Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. **Pollution control technologies:** Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary.

Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Problems and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol.

# UNIT - V

**Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA:** Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan (EMP). **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age international publishers.
- 5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.

## **CS401ES: COMPUTER ORGANIZATION**

## B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

# L T P C 4 0 0 4

## **Course Objectives:**

- To understand basic components of computers.
- To understand the architecture of 8086 processor.
- To understand the instruction sets, instruction formats and various addressing modes of 8086.
- To understand the representation of data at the machine level and how computations are performed

at machine level.

- To understand the memory organization and I/O organization.
- To understand the parallelism both in terms of single and multiple processors.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to understand the basic components and the design of CPU, ALU and Control Unit.
- Ability to understand memory hierarchy and its impact on computer cost/performance.
- Ability to understand the advantage of instruction level parallelism and pipelining for high performance Processor design.
- Ability to understand the instruction set, instruction formats and addressing modes of 8086.
- Ability to write assembly language programs to solve problems.

# UNIT - I

**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers, Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description.

**Micro Programmed Control:** Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit.

# UNIT - II

**Central Processing Unit:** The 8086 Processor Architecture, Register organization, Physical memory organization, General Bus Operation, I/O Addressing Capability, Special Processor Activities, Minimum and Maximum mode system and timings.

8086 Instruction Set and Assembler Directives-Machine language instruction formats, Addressing modes, Instruction set of 8086, Assembler directives and operators.

# UNIT - III

Assembly Language Programming with 8086- Machine level programs, Machine coding the programs, Programming with an assembler, Assembly Language example programs. Stack structure of 8086, Interrupts and Interrupt service routines, Interrupt cycle of 8086, Interrupt programming, Passing parameters to procedures, Macros, Timings and Delays.

# UNIT - IV

**Computer Arithmetic:** Introduction, Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating - point Arithmetic operations.

**Input-Output Organization:** Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP),Intel 8089 IOP.

# UNIT - V

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors.

**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Inter processor arbitration, Inter processor communication, and synchronization.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Computer System Architecture, M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson. (UNIST-I, IV, V)
- 2. Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals, K M Bhurchandi, A.K Ray ,3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill India Education Private Ltd. (**UNITS II, III**).

# **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Microprocessors and Interfacing, D V Hall, SSSP Rao, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill India Education Private Ltd.
- 2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky: Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002
- 3. Computer Organization and Architecture, William Stallings, 9th Edition, Pearson.
- David A. Patterson, John L. Hennessy: Computer Organization and Design The Hardware / Software Interface ARM Edition, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2009.

## CS402ES: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

#### **B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

# L T P C 4 0 0 4

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- To understand the relational database design principles.
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Demonstrate the basic elements of a relational database management system.
- Ability to identify the data models for relevant problems.
- Ability to design entity relationship model and convert entity relationship diagrams into RDBMS and formulate SQL queries on the data.
- Apply normalization for the development of application software.

## UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Languages – DDL, DML, Relational Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Querying, Transaction Management, Database Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Specialty Databases, Database Users and Administrators, History of Database Systems.

**Introduction to Data base design:** Database Design and ER diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model, Conceptual Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

**Relational Model:** Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying /Altering Tables and Views.

## UNIT - II

**Relational Algebra and Calculus**: Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**SQL:** Queries, Constraints, Triggers: Form of Basic SQL Query, UNION,INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, NULL values Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Data bases, Designing Active Databases.

# UNIT - III

**Schema Refinement and Normal Forms**: Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms, Properties of Decompositions, Normalization, Schema Refinement in Database Design, Other Kinds of Dependencies.

# UNIT - IV

**Transaction Management:** Transactions, Transaction Concept, A Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels.

**Concurrency Control:** Lock–Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multiversion Schemes.

Recovery System-Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations, Remote Backup systems.

# UNIT - V

**Storage and Indexing:** Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations.

Tree-Structured Indexing: Intuition for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Method (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

**Hash-Based Indexing:** Static Hashing, Extendible hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendible vs. Linear Hashing.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Data base Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. (Part of UNIT-I, UNIT-II, UNIT-III, UNIT-V)
- Data base System Concepts, A. Silberschatz, Henry. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited 1, 6<sup>th</sup> edition.( Part of UNIT-I, UNIT-IV)

- 1. Database Systems, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, R Elmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, Pearson Education.
- 2. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Introduction to Database Management, M. L. Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition.
- 4. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach publications, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 5. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education.

## **CS403ES: OPERATING SYSTEMS**

## B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

# L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the OS role in the overall computer system
- To study the operations performed by OS as a resource manager
- To understand the scheduling policies of OS
- To understand the different memory management techniques
- To understand process concurrency and synchronization
- To understand the concepts of input/output, storage and file management
- To understand the goals and principles of protection
- Introduce system call interface for file and process management
- To study different OS and compare their features.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Apply optimization techniques for the improvement of system performance.
- Ability to design and solve synchronization problems.
- Learn about minimization of turnaround time, waiting time and response time and also maximization of throughput by keeping CPU as busy as possible.
- Ability to change access controls to protect files.
- Ability to compare the different operating systems.

## UNIT - I

Overview-Introduction-Operating system objectives, User view, System view, Operating system definition ,Computer System Organization, Computer System Architecture, OS Structure, OS Operations, Process Management, Memory Management, Storage Management, Protection and Security, Computing Environments.

Operating System services, User and OS Interface, System Calls, Types of System Calls, System Programs, Operating System Design and Implementation, OS Structure.

## UNIT - II

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts-The Process, Process State, Process Control Block, Threads, Process Scheduling-Scheduling Queues, Schedulers, Context Switch, Operations on Processes, System calls-fork(),exec(),wait(),exit(), Interprocess communication-ordinary pipes and named pipes in Unix.

Process Scheduling-Basic concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling, Thread scheduling, Linux scheduling and Windows scheduling.

Process Synchronization, Background, The Critical Section Problem, Peterson's solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization in Linux and Windows.

# UNIT - III

Memory Management and Virtual Memory – Memory Management Strategies- Background, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging, Structure of Page Table, IA-32 Segmentation, IA-32 Paging.

Virtual Memory Management-Background, Demand Paging, Copy-on-Write, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing, Virtual memory in Windows..

# UNIT - IV

Storage Management-File System- Concept of a File, System calls for file operations - open (), read (), write (), close (), seek (), unlink (), Access methods, Directory and Disk Structure, File System Mounting, File Sharing, Protection.

File System Implementation - File System Structure, File System Implementation, Directory Implementation, Allocation methods, Free-space Management, Efficiency, and Performance. Mass Storage Structure – Overview of Mass Storage Structure, Disk Structure, Disk

Attachment, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management, Swap space Management

# UNIT - V

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

Protection – System Protection, Goals of Protection, Principles of Protection, Domain of Protection, Access Matrix, Implementation of Access Matrix, Access Control, Revocation of Access Rights, Capability-Based Systems, Language-Based Protection.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Concepts , Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, 9th Edition, Wiley, 2016 India Edition
- 2. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, W. Stallings, 7th Edition, Pearson.

- 1. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 3rd Edition, PHI
- 2. Operating Systems: A concept-based Approach, 2nd Edition, D.M. Dhamdhere, TMH.
- 3. Principles of Operating Systems, B. L. Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.
- 4. An Introduction to Operating Systems, P.C.P. Bhatt, PHI.
- 5. Principles of Operating systems, Naresh Chauhan, Oxford University Press.

# CS404ES: FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY

## B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

## **Course Objectives:**

- To provide introduction to some of the central ideas of theoretical computer science from the perspective of formal languages.
- To introduce the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
- Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.
- Employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- To understand deterministic and non-deterministic machines.
- To understand the differences between decidability and undecidability.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to understand the concept of abstract machines and their power to recognize the languages.
- Able to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
- Able to design context free grammars for formal languages.
- Able to distinguish between decidability and undecidability.
- Able to gain proficiency with mathematical tools and formal methods.

## UNIT - I

Introduction to Finite Automata, Structural Representations, Automata and Complexity, the Central Concepts of Automata Theory – Alphabets, Strings, Languages, Problems. Deterministic Finite Automata, Nondeterministic Finite Automata, an application: Text Search, Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions.

## UNIT - II

Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Properties of Regular Languages-Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages, Applications of the Pumping Lemma, Closure Properties of Regular Languages, Decision Properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.

## UNIT - III

Context-Free Grammars: Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, the Language of a Grammar, Sentential Forms, Parse Tress, Applications of Context-Free Grammars, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages.

Push Down Automata,: Definition of the Pushdown Automaton, the Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, Deterministic Pushdown Automata.

# UNIT - IV

Normal Forms for Context- Free Grammars, the Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages, Closure Properties of Context-Free Languages. Decision Properties of CFL's - Complexity of Converting among CFG's and PDA's, Running time of conversions to Chomsky Normal Form.

Introduction to Turing Machines-Problems That Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing Machine, Programming Techniques for Turing Machines, Extensions to the basic Turing machine, Restricted Turing Machines, Turing Machines, and Computers

# UNIT - V

Undecidability: A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That is RE, Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines, Post's Correspondence Problem, Other Undecidable Problems, Intractable Problems: The Classes P and NP, An NP-Complete Problem.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 3<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education.
- 2. Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Michael Sipser, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Cengage Learning.

- 1. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martin, TMH.
- 2. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
- 3. A Text book on Automata Theory, P. K. Srimani, Nasir S. F. B, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Introduction to Formal languages Automata Theory and Computation Kamala Krithivasan, Rama R, Pearson.
- 5. Theory of Computer Science Automata languages and computation, Mishra and Chandrashekaran, 2nd edition, PHI.

## SM405ES: BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

**Course Objective:** To learn the basic Business types, impact of the Economy on Business and Firms specifically. To analyze the Business from the Financial Perspective.

**Course Outcome:** The students will understand the various Forms of Business and the impact of economic variables on the Business. The Demand, Supply, Production, Cost, Market Structure, Pricing aspects are learnt. The Students can study the firm's financial position by analysing the Financial Statements of a Company.

## UNIT – I

## **Introduction to Business and Economics:**

**Business**: Structure of Business Firm, Theory of Firm, Types of Business Entities, Limited Liability Companies, Sources of Capital for a Company, Non-Conventional Sources of Finance.

**Economics:** Significance of Economics, Micro and Macro Economic Concepts, Concepts and Importance of National Income, Inflation, Money Supply in Inflation, Business Cycle, Features and Phases of Business Cycle. Nature and Scope of Business Economics, Role of Business Economist, Multidisciplinary nature of Business Economics.

## UNIT – II

#### **Demand and Supply Analysis:**

**Elasticity of Demand:** Elasticity, Types of Elasticity, Law of Demand, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand, Factors affecting Elasticity of Demand, Elasticity of Demand in decision making, Demand Forecasting: Characteristics of Good Demand Forecasting, Steps in Demand Forecasting, Methods of Demand Forecasting. **Supply Analysis:** Determinants of Supply, Supply Function & Law of Supply.

#### UNIT- III

## **Production, Cost, Market Structures & Pricing:**

**Production Analysis:** Factors of Production, Production Function, Production Function with one variable input, two variable inputs, Returns to Scale, Different Types of Production Functions.

Cost analysis: Types of Costs, Short run and Long run Cost Functions.

**Market Structures**: Nature of Competition, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly, Oligopoly, and Monopolistic Competition.

**Pricing:** Types of Pricing, Product Life Cycle based Pricing, Break Even Analysis, and Cost Volume Profit Analysis.

# UNIT - IV

**Financial Accounting:** Accounting concepts and Conventions, Accounting Equation, Double-Entry system of Accounting, Rules for maintaining Books of Accounts, Journal, Posting to Ledger, Preparation of Trial Balance, Elements of Financial Statements, and Preparation of Final Accounts.

# UNIT - V

**Financial Analysis through Ratios:** Concept of Ratio Analysis, Liquidity Ratios, Turnover Ratios, Profitability Ratios, Proprietary Ratios, Solvency, Leverage Ratios (simple problems). Introduction to Fund Flow and Cash Flow Analysis (simple problems).

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. D. D. Chaturvedi, S. L. Gupta, Business Economics Theory and Applications, International Book House Pvt. Ltd. 2013.
- 2. Dhanesh K Khatri, Financial Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 3. Geethika Ghosh, Piyali Gosh, Purba Roy Choudhury, Managerial Economics, 2e, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 2012.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Paresh Shah, Financial Accounting for Management 2e, Oxford Press, 2015.
- 2. S. N. Maheshwari, Sunil K Maheshwari, Sharad K Maheshwari, Financial Accounting, 5e, Vikas Publications, 2013.

## **CS406ES: COMPUTER ORGANIZATION LAB**

## **B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

#### L T P C 0 0 3 2

## **Exercises in Digital Logic Design:**

- 1. Implement Logic gates using NAND and NOR gates
- 2. Design a Full adder using gates
- 3. Design and implement the 4:1 MUX, 8:1 MUX using gates /ICs.
- 4. Design and Implement a 3 to 8 decoder using gates
- 5. Design a 4 bit comparator using gates/IC
- 6. Design and Implement a 4 bit shift register using Flip flops
- 7. Design and Implement a Decade counter

## **Exercises in Micro Processor programming:**

Write assembly language programs for the following using GNU Assembler.

1. Write assembly language programs to evaluate the expressions:

- i) a = b + c d \* e
- ii) z = x \* y + w v + u / k
- a. Considering 8-bit, 16 bit and 32 bit binary numbers as b, c, d, e.
- b. Considering 2 digit, 4 digit and 8 digit BCD numbers.

Take the input in consecutive memory locations and also Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

2. Write an ALP of 8086 to take N numbers as input. And do the following operations on them.

a. Arrange in ascending and descending order.

3. Write an ALP of 8086 to take N numbers as input. And do the following operations on them.

a. Find max and minimum

b. Find average

Considering 8-bit, 16 bit binary numbers and 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers. Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

- 4. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format) and do the following Operations on it.
  - a. Find the length
  - b. Find it is Palindrome or n.

Considering 8-bit, 16 bit binary numbers and 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers. Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

5. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format) and do the following Operations on it.

a. Find whether given string substring or not.

- 6. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format) and do the following Operations on it
  - a. Find the Armstrong number

b. Find the Fibonacci series for n numbers

Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086.

- 7. Write the ALP to implement the above operations as procedures and call from the main procedure.
- 8. Write an ALP of 8086 to find the factorial of a given number as a Procedure and call from the main program which display the result.

- 1. Switching theory and logic design –A. Anand Kumar PHI, 2013
- 2. Advanced microprocessor & Peripherals-A. K. Ray and K. M. Bherchandavi, TMH, 2nd edition.
- 3. Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi, Niraj K.Jha Cambridge, 3rd edition
- 4. Digital Design Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd edition
- 5. Microprocessor and Interfacing –Douglas V. Hall, TMGH 2nd edition.

## CS407ES: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
	0	0	3	2

**Course Objectives**: This lab enables the students to practice the concepts learnt in the subject DBMS by developing a database for an example company named "Roadway Travels" whose description is as follows. The student is expected to practice the designing, developing and querying a database in the context of example database "Roadway travels". Students are expected to use "Mysql" database.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to design and implement a database schema for given problem.
- Apply the normalization techniques for development of application software to realistic problems.
- Ability to formulate queries using SQL DML/DDL/DCL commands.

**Roadway Travels: "Roadway Travels"** is in business since 1997 with several buses connecting different places in India. Its main office is located in Hyderabad.

The company wants to *computerize its operations* in the following areas:

- Reservations and Ticketing
- Cancellations

**Reservations & Cancellation:** Reservations are directly handled by booking office. Reservations can be made 30 days in advance and tickets issued to passenger. One Passenger/person can book many tickets (to his/her family). Cancellations are also directly handed at the booking office.

In the process of *computerization* of **Roadway Travels** you have to design and develop a Database which consists the data of Buses, Passengers, Tickets, and Reservation and cancellation details. You should also develop query's using SQL to retrieve the data from the database.

The above process involves many steps like 1. Analyzing the <u>problem</u> and identifying the Entities and Relationships, 2. E-R Model 3. Relational Model 4. Normalization 5. Creating the database 6. Querying. *Students are supposed to work on these steps week wise and finally create a complete "Database System" to Roadway Travels.* Examples are given at every experiment for guidance to students.

## **Experiment 1: E-R Model**

Analyze the <u>problem</u> carefully and come up with the entities in it. Identify what data has to be persisted in the database. This contains the entities, attributes etc.

Identify the primary keys for all the entities. Identify the other keys like candidate keys, partial keys, if any. Example: Entities: 1. BUS 2. Ticket 3. Passenger Relationships: 1. Reservation 2. Cancellation Primary Key Attributes: 1. Ticket ID (Ticket Entity) 2. Passport ID (Passenger Entity) 3. Bus\_NO (Bus Entity) Apart from the above mentioned entities you can identify more. The above mentioned are

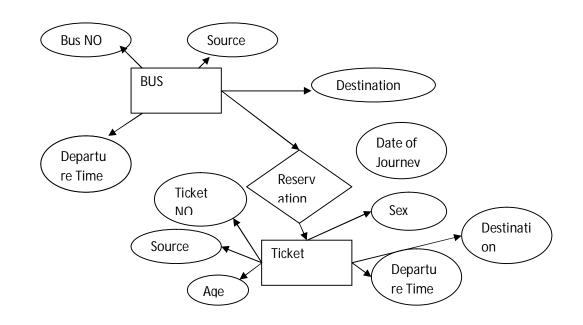
few.

**Note:** *The student is required to submit a document by writing the Entities and Keys to the lab teacher.* 

## **Experiment 2: Concept design with E-R Model**

Relate the entities appropriately. Apply cardinalities for each relationship. Identify strong entities and weak entities (if any). Indicate the type of relationships (total / partial). Try to incorporate generalization, aggregation, specialization etc wherever required.

## Example: E-R diagram for bus



**Note:** *The student is required to submit a document by drawing the* E-R Diagram *to the* lab teacher.

## **Experiment 3: Relational Model**

Represent all the entities (Strong, Weak) in tabular fashion. Represent relationships in a tabular fashion. There are different ways of representing relationships as tables based on the cardinality. Represent attributes as columns in tables or as tables based on the requirement.

Different types of attributes (Composite, Multi-valued, and Derived) have different way of representation.

**Example:** The passenger tables look as below. This is an example. You can add more attributes based on your E-R model. This is not a normalized table.

Name	Age	Sex	Address	Passport ID
				Ticket
				_id

**Note:** The student is required to submit a document by Represent relationships in a tabular fashion to the lab teacher.

# **Experiment 4: Normalization**

Passenger

Database normalization is a technique for designing relational database tables to minimize duplication of information and, in so doing, to safeguard the database against certain types of logical or structural problems, namely data anomalies. For example, when multiple instances of a given piece of information occur in a table, the possibility exists that these instances will not be kept consistent when the data within the table is updated, leading to a loss of data integrity. A table that is sufficiently normalized is less vulnerable to problems of this kind, because its structure reflects the basic assumptions for when multiple instances of the same information should be represented by a single instance only.

For the above table in the First normalization we can remove the multi valued attribute Ticket\_id and place it in another table along with the primary key of passenger.

# **First Normal Form: The above table can be divided into two tables as shown below.** Passenger

Name	Age	Sex	Address	Passport ID
	<b>T</b> 1 4 1	_		
Passport ID	Ticket_id	_		

You can do the second and third normal forms if required. Any how Normalized tables are given at the end.

## **Experiment 5: Installation of Mysql and practicing DDL commands**

Installation of MySql. In this week you will learn Creating databases, How to create tables, altering the database, dropping tables and databases if not required. You will also try truncate, rename commands etc.

Example for creation of a normalized "Passenger" table. CREATE TABLE Passenger (

Passport\_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, Name VARCHAR (50) Not NULL, Age Integer Not NULL, Sex Char, Address VARCHAR (50) Not NULL);

Similarly create all other tables.

## Note: Detailed creation of tables is given at the end.

## **Experiment 6: Practicing DML commands**

DML commands are used to for managing data within schema objects. Some examples:

- SELECT retrieve data from the a database
- INSERT insert data into a table
- UPDATE updates existing data within a table
- DELETE deletes all records from a table, the space for the records remain

## Inserting values into "Bus" table:

Insert into Bus values (1234, 'hyderabad', 'tirupathi'); Insert into Bus values (2345, 'hyderabd', 'Banglore'); Insert into Bus values (23, 'hyderabd', 'Kolkata'); Insert into Bus values (45, 'Tirupathi, 'Banglore'); Insert into Bus values (34, 'hyderabd', 'Chennai');

## Inserting values into "Passenger" table:

Insert into Passenger values (1, 45, 'ramesh', 45, 'M', 'abc123'); Insert into Passenger values (2, 78, 'geetha', 36, 'F', 'abc124'); Insert into Passenger values (45, 90, 'ram', 30, 'M', 'abc12'); Insert into Passenger values (67, 89, 'ravi', 50, 'M', 'abc14'); Insert into Passenger values (56, 22, 'seetha', 32, 'F', 'abc55');

## Few more Examples of DML commands:

Select \* from Bus; (selects all the attributes and display) UPDATE BUS SET Bus No = 1 WHERE BUS NO=2;

## **Experiment 7: Querying**

In this week you are going to practice queries (along with sub queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.

## **Practice the following Queries:**

- 1. Display unique PNR\_no of all passengers.
- 2. Display all the names of male passengers.
- 3. Display the ticket numbers and names of all the passengers.
- 4. Find the ticket numbers of the passengers whose name start with 'r' and ends with 'h'.
- 5. Find the names of passengers whose age is between 30 and 45.
- 6. Display all the passengers names beginning with 'A'
- 7. Display the sorted list of passengers names

## Experiment 8 and Experiment 9: Querying (continued...)

You are going to practice queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, and MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.

- 1. Write a Query to display the Information present in the Passenger and cancellation tables. **Hint:** Use UNION Operator.
- 2. Display the number of days in a week on which the 9W01 bus is available.
- 3. Find number of tickets booked for each PNR\_no using GROUP BY CLAUSE. **Hint:** Use GROUP BY on PNR\_No.
- 4. Find the distinct PNR numbers that are present.
- 5. Find the number of tickets booked by a passenger where the number of seats is greater than 1. **Hint:** Use GROUP BY, WHERE and HAVING CLAUSES.
- 6. Find the total number of cancelled seats.

# **Experiment 10: Triggers**

In this week you are going to work on Triggers. Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger. Practice triggers using the above database.

# Eg: CREATE TRIGGER updcheck BEFORE UPDATE ON passenger

FOR EACH ROW BEGIN IF NEW.TickentNO > 60 THEN SET New.Tickent no = Ticket no; ELSE SET New.Ticketno = 0; END IF; END;

# **Experiment 11: Procedures**

In this session you are going to learn Creation of stored procedure, Execution of procedure and modification of procedure. Practice procedures using the above database.

Eg: CREATE PROCEDURE myProc() BEGIN SELECT COUNT (Tickets) FROM Ticket WHERE age>=40; End;

#### **Experiment 12: Cursors**

In this week you need to do the following: Declare a cursor that defines a result set. Open the cursor to establish the result set. Fetch the data into local variables as needed from the cursor, one row at a time. Close the cursor when done

CREATE PROCEDURE myProc(in\_customer\_id INT) BEGIN DECLARE v\_id INT; DECLARE v\_id INT; DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR SELECT stdId,stdFirstname FROM students WHERE stdId=in\_customer\_id; OPEN c1; FETCH c1 into v\_id, v\_name; Close c1; END; Tables BUS Bus No: Varchar: PK (public key) Source : Varchar Destination : Varchar

#### Passenger

PPNO: Varchar (15)) : PK Name: Varchar (15) Age : int (4) Sex:Char (10) : Male / Female Address: VarChar (20) **Passenger\_Tickets** 

PPNO: Varchar (15)) : PK Ticket\_No: Numeric (9)

#### Reservation

PNR\_No: Numeric (9) : FK Journey\_date : datetime (8) No\_of\_seats : int (8) Address: Varchar (50) Contact\_No: Numeric (9) --> Should not be less than 9 and Should not accept any other character other than Integer Status: Char (2) : Yes / No

#### Cancellation

PNR\_No: Numeric(9) : FK Journey\_date : datetime(8) No\_of\_seats : int (8) Address : Varchar (50) Contact\_No: Numeric (9) --> Should not be less than 9 and Should not accept any other character other than Integer

Status: Char (2) : Yes / No

# Ticket

Ticket\_No: Numeric (9): PK Journey\_date : datetime(8) Age : int (4) Sex:Char(10) : Male / Female Source : Varchar Destination : Varchar Dep\_time : Varchar

- 1. Introduction to SQL, Rick F. Vander Lans, Pearson education.
- 2. Oracle PL/SQL, B. Rosenzweig and E. Silvestrova, Pearson education.
- 3. SQL & PL/SQL for Oracle 10 g, Black Book, Dr. P. S. Deshpande, Dream Tech.
- 4. Oracle Database 11 g PL/SQL Programming, M. Mc Laughlin, TMH.

## CS408ES: OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

#### **B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To write programs in Linux environment using system calls.
- To implement the scheduling algorithms.
- To implement page replacement algorithms
- To implement file allocation methods.
- To understand and implement ipc mechanism using named and unnamed pipes.
- To develop solutions for synchronization problems using semaphores.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to develop application programs using system calls in Unix.
- Ability to implement interprocess communication between two processes.
- Ability to design and solve synchronization problems.
- Ability to simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management, and memory management.

## Use Linux operating system and GNU C compiler.

## **List of Programs:**

- Write C programs to simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms:
  a) Round Robin
  b) SJF
- 2. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms:a) FCFSb) Priority
- 3. Write C programs to simulate the following File organization techniques:a) Single level directoryb) Two levelc) Hierarchical
- 4. Write C programs to simulate the following File allocation methods:

a)Contiguous b)Linked c)Indexed

- 5. Write a C program to copy the contents of one file to another using system calls.
- 6. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock Avoidance
- 7. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock Prevention
- 8. Write C programs to simulate the following page replacement algorithms:

a) FIFO b) LRU c) LFU

9. Write C programs to simulate the following techniques of memory management:

a) Paging b) Segmentation

- 10. Write a C program to implement the ls | sort command. (Use unnamed Pipe)
- 11. Write a C program to solve the Dining- Philosopher problem using semaphores.
- 12. Write C programs to implement ipc between two unrelated processes using named pipe.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. An Introduction to Operating Systems, P.C.P Bhatt, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, PHI.
- 2. Unix System Programming Using C++, Terrence Chan, PHI/Pearson.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 3rd Edition, PHI

#### L T P C 0 0 3 2

## MC400HS: GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB

#### **B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

# L T P C 0 0 3 0

## **Course Objectives:**

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature, and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

# UNIT - I

# UNDERSTANDING GENDER

**Gender:** Why Should We Study It? (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -1) **Socialization:** Making Women, Making Men (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -2) Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

# UNIT - II

# **GENDER AND BIOLOGY:**

**Missing Women:** Sex Selection and Its Consequences (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -4) Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences.

**Gender Spectrum:** Beyond the Binary (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -10) Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

# UNIT - III

# GENDER AND LABOUR

**Housework:** the Invisible Labour (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -3) "My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."

Women's Work: Its Politics and Economics (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -7)

Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Reading: Wages and Conditions of Work.

# UNIT-IV

# ISSUES OF VIOLENCE

Sexual Harassment: Say No! (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -6)

Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: "Chupulu".

Domestic Violence: Speaking Out (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -8)

Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading: New Forums for Justice.

Thinking about Sexual Violence (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -11)

Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...." - Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

# UNIT - V

# **GENDER: CO - EXISTENCE**

**Just Relationships:** Being Together as Equals (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -12) Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

# ТЕХТВООК

All the five Units in the Textbook, "*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender*" written by A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu and published by **Telugu Akademi, Hyderabad**, Telangana State in the year **2015**.

**Note:** Since it is an Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

- 1. Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012
- 2. Abdulali Sohaila. "*I Fought For My Life…and Won*." Available online at: <u>http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/</u>