# JAWAHARLALNEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. PHARMACY (PHARMACOLOGY) R25 COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS Effective from Academic Year 2025 – 26 Admitted Batch

#### I YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
Professional Core-I	Advanced Pharmacology–I	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-II	Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-I	<ol> <li>Pharmacokinetics and Drug Metabolism</li> <li>Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance</li> <li>Principles of Drug Discovery</li> </ol>	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-II	<ol> <li>Animal Cell Cultures and Applications</li> <li>Molecular Biology</li> <li>Principles of Toxicology</li> </ol>	3	1	0	4
	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2
Laboratory-I	Advanced Pharmacology –I Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory-II	Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics Lab	0	0	6	3
Audit-I	Audit Course-I	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

#### I YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
Professional Core-III	Advanced Pharmacology - II	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-IV	Pharmacological Screening Methods and Toxicology	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-III	<ol> <li>Quality Use of Medicines</li> <li>Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics</li> <li>Advanced Drug Delivery Systems</li> </ol>	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-IV	<ol> <li>Pharmaceutical Management</li> <li>Nutraceuticals</li> <li>Pharmacokinetic and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring</li> </ol>	3	1	0	4
Laboratory-III	Advanced Pharmacology–II Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory-IV	Pharmacological Screening Methods and Toxicology lab	0	0	6	3
	Mini project	2	0	0	2
Audit-II	Audit Course– II	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

#### II YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
Professional Elective-V	Biostatistics     Hospital and Community Pharmacy     Medicinal Plant Biotechnology	3	1	0	4
Open Elective	Open Elective	3	1	0	4
	Comprehensive Viva Voce	0	0	8	4
	Dissertation Work Review-II	0	0	24	12
	TOTAL	6	2	32	24

#### II YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - III	0	0	24	12
Dissertation	Dissertation Viva-Voce	0	0	20	10
	TOTAL	0	0	44	22

<sup>\*</sup>For Dissertation Work Review - I, Please refer R25 Academic Regulations.

#### Audit Courses I & II:

- 1. English for Research Paper Writing
- 2. Disaster Management
- 3. Sanskrit for Technological Learning4. Value Education
- 5. Constitution of India
- 6. Pedagogy Studies
- Stress Management by Yoga
   Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

#### **Open Electives:**

- Entrepreneurship Management
   Pharmaceutical administration
- 3. Cosmetic Science
- 4. Environmental and Health safety
- 5. Vaccines and Biologicals

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY- I (Professional Core-I)

**Course Objective:** The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and toimpart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, this subject helps the students to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanisms involved.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Discuss the pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

#### UNIT I

#### **General Pharmacology:**

- a. Pharmacokinetics: The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non-linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.
- b. Pharmacodynamics: Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration and effect. Receptors, structural and functional families of receptors quantitation of drug receptors interaction and elicited effects.

#### **UNIT II**

#### Neurotransmission

- a. General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission.
- b. Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters-Adrenaline and Acetylcholine).
- c. Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters-histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine].
- d. Non-adrenergic non-cholinergic transmission (NANC). Cotransmission Systemic Pharmacology A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems Autonomic Pharmacology Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting neuromuscular junction

#### **UNIT III**

#### **Central nervous system Pharmacology**

General and local anesthetics Sedatives and hypnotics, drugs used to treat anxiety. Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases. Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### Cardiovascular Pharmacology

Diuretics, antihypertensives, antiischemics, anti- arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia. Hematinics, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and antiplatelet drugs.

#### **UNIT V**

#### Autacoid Pharmacology

The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autacoids. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.

- 1. The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Goodman and Gillman's
- 2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapyby David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, EhrinJ, Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
- 3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G Katzung
- 4. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
- 5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.
- 6. Graham Smith. Oxford textbook of Clinical Pharmacology.
- 7. Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.
- 8. Advnced Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS (Professional Core - II)

#### **Course Objective**

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.

**Course Outcome:** At completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to understand –

- the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
- the controversies in drug therapy;
- the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
- needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
- summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence:
- Therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
- Pathophysiology and applied Pharmacotherapeutics of diseases associated with following system/diseases with of special reference to the drug of choice.

#### UNIT I

#### **Principles of Pharacokinetics**

- 1. Revision of basic concepts.
- 2. Clinical Pharmacokinetics.
  - a. Dose response inman
  - b. Influence of renal and hepatic disease on Pharmacokinetics
  - c. Therapeutics drug monitoring & individualization of drug therapy
  - d. Population Pharmacokinetics.

#### IINIT II

Adverse Drug Reactions, Drug Interactions, ADR monitoring & Pharmacovigilance.

#### **UNIT III**

Pathophysiology and drug therapy of the following disorders.

Schizophrenia, anxiety, depression, epilepsy, Parkinson's, alzheimer's diseases, migraine, hypertension, angina pectoris, arrhythmias, atherosclerosis, myocardial infaraction.

#### **UNIT IV**

Pathophysiology and drug therapy of the following disorders.

TB, leprosy, leukemia, solid tumors, lymphomas, psoriasis, respiratory, urinary, g.i. tract infections, endocarditis, fungal and HIV infection, rheumatoid arthritis, glaucoma, menstrual disorders, menopause.

#### **UNIT V**

Drug therapy in

- a) Geriatrics
- b) Pediatrics
- c) Pregnancy & Lactation.
- d) Renal & hepatic insufficiency

- 1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.
- 2. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange.
- 3. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B. Saunders publication.
- 4. Clinical Pharmacy and Pharmacotherapeutics, K. Ravi Shankar, G. V. N. Kiranmayi, Pharmamed Press
- 5. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication.
- 6. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- 7. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA

- 8. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- 9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.
- 10. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange
- 11. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- 12. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACOKIENTICS AND DRUG METABOLISM (Professional Elective - I)

**Course Objective:** In current methods of treatment which involves individualization of drug therapy, the student should have sound knowledge in pharmacokinetics and the effects of changes in pharmacokinetic parameters on therapeutic efficacy of the drugs.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to (Know, do, appreciate);

- Understand various pharmacokinetic parameters
- Influence of these parameters on efficacy of drugs
- · Identify and resolve drug related problems;
- Pharmacogenetics

#### **UNIT I**

Drug Absorption: Gastrointestinal, percutaneous, and rectal kinetics and factors affecting drug absorption. Absorption kinetics

#### UNIT II

Drug Distribution: Plasma protein binding – factors affecting plasma protein binding – Tissue binding – transfer of drugs through biological barriers their therapeutic implication in drug action. Volume of distribution. Reaction of the body to foreign substances:

Biotransformation of drugs, phase I and phase II metabolic reactions. Hepatic Clearance

#### **UNIT III**

Elimination of drugs: Concept of renal clearance and excretion of drugs –biological half – life, area under curve.

#### **UNIT IV**

Bioavailability of drug products: Bioavailability tests. Bioequivalence. Compartment models and relevant pharmacokinetic parameters.

#### **UNIT V**

Pharmacogenetics: Inter racial and individual variability in drug metabolism.

- 1. Shargel and Leon. Applied Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, London.
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi b. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, By Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvnia.
- 3. Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Glbaldi Donald, R. Mercel Dekker Inc.
- 4. Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by ADIS Health Science Press.
- 5. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari f. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
- 6. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and Sunil B. Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi
- 7. Cilincal Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications: By Malcolm Rowland and Thomas, N. Tozer, Lea and Febrger, Philadelphia, 1995.
- 8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, By Abdou H.M, Mack, Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989.
- 9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics An introduction 4th edition Revised and expanded by Robert F Notari Marcel Dekker Inn, New York and Basel, 1987.
- 10. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James, Roylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York 1996.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

#### CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Professional Elective - I)

**Course Objective:** This subject will provide a value addition and current requirement for the students in clinical research and pharmacovigilance. It will teach the students on conceptualizing, designing, conducting, managing and reporting of clinical trials. This subject also focuses on global scenario of pharmacovigilance in different methods that can be used to generate safety data. It will teach the students in developing drug safety data in pre-clinical, clinical phases of drug development and post market surveillance.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial
- Demonstrate the types of clinical trial designs
- Explain the responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials
- Execute safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities
- Explain the principles of Pharmacovigilance
- Detect new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
- Perform the adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance

#### **UNIT I**

**Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials:** Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant-Schedule Y, ICMR, Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process

#### **UNIT II**

#### **Clinical Trials:**

**Types and Design:** Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT, Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional Clinical Trial Study Team Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management.

#### **UNIT III**

**Clinical Trial Documentation:** Guidelines to the preparation of documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring-Safety Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions: Definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness assessment. predictability and preventability assessment. Management of adverse drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR.

#### **UNIT IV**

Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance: History and progress of pharmacovigilance, Significance of safety monitoring, Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, establishing pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in Pharmacovigilance.

#### **UNIT V**

**Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in pharmacovigilance:** International classification of diseases, International Nonproprietary names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative observational studies, targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Argus, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, Vigi Flow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data.

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health; 2001.
- 2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice. E6; May 1996.230
- 3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
- 4. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John

- Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
- 6. A Textbook of Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance by KPR Chowdary, Pharmamed Press
- 7. Handbook of clinical Research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone.
- 8. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
- 9. Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: Concept and Practice. G. P. Mohanta and P. K. Manna. 2016, Pharma Med Press.
- 10. A textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice: Essential Concepts and Skills. Second Edition, 2012, University Press

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY (Professional Elective - I)

**Course Objective:** The subject imparts basic knowledge of drug discovery process. This information will make the student Competent in drug discovery process.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various stages of drug discovery.
- Appreciate the importance of the role of genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics in drug discovery
- Explain various targets for drug discovery.
- Explain various lead seeking method and lead optimization
- Appreciate the importance of the role of computer aided drug design in drug discovery

#### **UNIT I**

An overview of modern drug discovery process: Target identification, target validation, lead identification, and lead Optimization. Economics of drug discovery. Target Discovery and validation- Role of Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Role of Nucleic acid microarrays, Protein microarrays, Antisense technologies, siRNAs, antisense oligonucleotides, Zinc finger proteins. Role of transgenic animals in target validation.

#### **UNIT II**

**Lead Identification:** combinatorial chemistry & high throughput screening, in silico lead discovery techniques; Assay development for hit identification. Protein structure Levels of protein structure, Domains, motifs, and folds in protein structure. Computational prediction of protein structure: Threading and homology modeling methods. Application of NMR and X-ray crystallography in protein structure prediction.

#### **UNIT III**

**Rational Drug Design:** Traditional vs rational drug design, Methods followed in traditional drug design, High throughput screening, Concepts of Rational Drug Design, Rational Drug Design Methods: Structure and Pharmacophore based approaches. Virtual Screening techniques: Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore mapping and pharmacophore based Screening,

#### **UNIT IV**

**Molecular docking:** Rigid docking, flexible docking, manual docking; Docking based screening. De novo drug design. Quantitative analysis of Structure Activity Relationship History and development of QSAR, SAR versus QSAR, Physicochemical parameters, Hansch analysis, Fee Wilson analysis, and relationship between them.

#### **UNIT V**

**QSAR Statistical methods:** regression analysis, partial least square analysis (PLS) and other multivariate statistical methods. 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA Prodrug design- Basic concept, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption, and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.

- Mouldy Sioud. Target Discovery and Validation Reviews and Protocols: Volume 2 Emerging Molecular Targets and Treatment Options. 2007 Humana Press Inc.
- 2. Darryl León. Scott Markelln. Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation 2006 by Taylor and Francis Group, LLC.
- 3. Johanna K. DiStefano. Disease Gene Identification. Methods and Protocols. Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London.
- 4. Hugo Kubiny. QSAR: Hansch Analysis and Related Approaches. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
- 5. Klaus Gubernator, Hans-Joachim Böhm. Structure-Based Ligand Design.
- 6. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
- 7. Abby L. Parrill. M. Rami Reddy. Rational Drug Design. Novel Methodology and Practical Applications. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.
- 8. J. Rick Turner. New drug development design, methodology and, analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.
- 9. Current Concepts in Drug Design,T Durai Ananda Kumar,Pharma Med Press

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) ANIMAL CELL CULTURE (Professional Elective - II)

**Course Objective:** The subject imparts basic knowledge of animal cell culture. This information will make the student Competent in various cell culture techniques and their applications.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various types of cell cultures, their requirements and advantages
- Appreciate the importance of the bioreactor, cell lines and their applications
- Explain various culture, preservation and maintenance techniques
- Explain various IVF techniques, embryo cultures and gene transfer
- Appreciate the importance of the role embryo culture in and its applications

#### **UNIT I**

**Introduction to Animal Biotechnology and its applications:** History and scope of animal cell and tissue culture, Advantages and disadvantages of tissue culture, Laboratory facilities for tissue culture. Primary and secondary cell lines cell culture environment, Safety measures laminar hood,

#### **UNIT II**

Basic tissue culture techniques, various types of cultures, Bioreactors, Common cell lines and aseptic methods, Culture media, maintenance and preservation of cell cultures, freezing media, treatment of substrate surfaces.

#### **UNIT III**

Feeder layers on substrate, gas phase for tissue culture, Culture media for cells and tissues, Culture procedures, Disaggregation (enzymatic and mechanical) of tissue and primary culture

#### **UNIT IV**

Cultured cells and evolution of cell lines, Maintenance of culture-cell lines, Tissue culture (slide, flask and test tube cultures), Organ culture, Whole embryo culture, Tissue engineering (artificial skin and artificial cartilage). Cell cultures as a source of valuable products

#### **UNIT V**

In Vitro Fertilization & Transgenic Animals In vitro fertilization (IVF) in humans; embryo transfer (ET) in humans; superovulation, IVF and embryo culture in farm animals (e.g. cow); embryo transfer in cattle, Gene transfer or transfection (using eggs and cultured stem cells); targeted gene transfer; transgenic animals. (mice, sheep, pigs, rabbits, goats, cows, fish).

- 1. Introduction to Biotechnology, P.K.Gupta, Kalyani Publishers, second edition.
- 2. Introduction to plant Biotechnology, H.S.Chawala, second ed., PHI
- 3. Plant Biotechnology P. C. Trivedi
- 4. Applied Plant Biotechnology Ignacimuthu
- 5. Animal Biotechnology Babinnk and Philips.
- 6. Biotechnology B. D. Singh.
- 7. Plant Tissue Culture S.S. Bhojwani, M.K. Razdan.
- 8. Biotechnology Fundamentals and Applications Purohit S S
- 9. Biotechnology in the Welfare of Mankind Ali Khan

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (Professional Elective - II)

**Course Objective:** The subject imparts basic knowledge of molecular biology. This information will make the student Competent in molecular biology DNA topology, mutations and Transcriptions and Translations and Gene expressions.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various structure and chemistry of DNA, RNA etc.
- Explain topology of DNA, organization of DNA in chromosomes
- Appreciate the importance and mechanism of mutations and their repar.
- Explain various mechanism of DNA replications and Transcription
- Appreciate the importance of gene expression.

#### **UNIT I**

#### Introduction to Molecular biology

**Nucleic acids** - DNA and RNA structure and functions, DNA as genetic material. Griffth, Avery- McCarty-McLeod, Hershy- Chase, Franklin Conrat Experiments

**DNA Structure**: Chemistry of DNA, Forces stabilizing DNA structure, Helix parameters, Forms of DNA (A,B,C,D,T and Z), Watson – Crick and Hoogsteen base pairing, Physical Properties of ds DNA (UV absorption spectra Denaturation and renaturation), Chemical that react with DNA.

#### **UNIT II**

**DNA topology**: DNA supercoiling, Supercoiled form of DNA, Superhelical density, Energetic of supercoiled DNA, Biology of supercoiled DNA (Topological domain of DNA, DNA topoisomerases, Mechanisms of supercoiling in cells, mechanisms of action of topoisomerase I and II, effect of supercoiling on structure of DNA and role of supercoiling in gene expression and DNA replication).

**Organization of DNA into chromosomes**: Packaging of DNA and organization of chromosome in bacteria and eukaryotic cells; packaging of DNA in eukaryotic nucleosome and chromatin condensation assembly of nucleosomes upon replication. Chromatin modification and genome expression.

#### **UNIT III**

**Mutations-** molecular mechanism - types of DNA mutations and its significance. DNA repair - repair mechanisms - need of DNA repairs, DNA recombination – molecular mechanism of recombination - relationship between repair and recombination, SOS mechanism. Proteins and enzymes involved DNA repair and recombination.

**DNA – Protein Interactions**: General features interaction of Helix- turn Helix motif, B sheet, Zn- DNA binding domain etc with DNA.

#### **UNIT IV**

**DNA Replication**: Mechanism of DNA polymerase catalyzed synthesis of DNA, types of DNA polymerases in bacteria and their role. Initiation of chromosomal DNA replication and its regulation in prokaryotes assembly of replisome and progress of replication fork, termination of replication. Types and function of eukaryotic DNA polymerases initiation of replication in eukaryotes, role of telomerases in replication of eukaryotic chromosomes. Inhibitor of DNA replication (Blocking precursor synthesis nucleotide polymerization, altering DNA structure).

**Transcription**: RNA polymerases, features of prokaryotic and eukaryotic promoters. Strong and weak promoters. Assembly of transcription initiation complex in prokaryotes and eukaryotes and its regulation; synthesis and processing of prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcripts. Transport of RNA within eukaryotic cell. Regulatory elements of genes-promoters. Fate of mRNA.

#### **UNIT V**

**Translation- Synthesis and Processing of Proteome**: Structure and role of tRNA in protein synthesis, ribosome structure, basic feature of genetic code and its deciphering, translation (initiation, elongation and termination in detail in prokaryotes as well as eukaryotes), Post translational processing of protein (protein folding, processing by proteolytic cleavage, processing by chemical modification, inteins). Protein degradation. **Regulation of Gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes**: Positive and negative regulation. lac-, ara-, his- and trp- operon regulation; antitermination, global regulatory responses; Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes: Transcriptional, translational and processing level control mechanisms.

**DNA- transposable elements-** types of transposable elements, its importance in variation and evolution. Possible origin of virus, Oncogenes.

- 1. Cell & Molecular Biology: Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, Gerald Karp, John Wiley, NY
- 2. Molecular Cell Biology, H.S. Bramrah, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Advanced Molecular Biology, H.S. Bhamrah Viva Books, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Plant Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Hans Walter Held, Oxford, NY
- 5. Molecular Biology of the Gene, Watson, Baker, Bell, Gann Levine, Losick, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. Essential Molecular Biology: A Practical Approach, TA Brown, Oxford

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) PRINCIPLES OF TOXICOLOGY (Professional Elective - II)

**Course Objective:** The subject imparts basic knowledge of toxicology. This information will make the student Competent in various toxicologies of liver, neuro, kidney etc

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various toxicologies
- Explain various toxicologies of lungs, liver, gentic etc
- Appreciate the importance and mechanism of skin and reproductive toxicology
- Explain various mechanisms and affects of pesticides

#### **UNIT I**

**Introduction to General Toxicology:** History of toxicology, classification of toxicology, toxicants exposure, routes exposure and exposure characterization. animal and plant toxins, mechanisms of toxicity, toxicokinetics, biotransformation of xenobiotics.

#### **UNIT - II**

Toxicology of the liver, Toxicology of the Lung, Chemical Carcinogenesis & Genetic Toxicology

#### **UNIT - III**

Neurotoxicology, Cardiovascular Toxicology, Molecular Toxicology & Toxicogenomics, Immuno- toxicology, Toxicology of the Kidney

#### **UNIT - IV**

Toxicology of the Intestine, Toxicology of the Skin, Reproductive Toxicology & Teratology, Risk Assessment

#### UNIT - V

Nanotoxicology, Ecotoxicology, Toxicology of Metals, Analytical/Forensic Toxicology, Toxic Effects of Pesticides, Pesticide Regulation at EPA

- 1. Essential Concepts in Toxicology: Compendium for Pharmacy, Medical, Forensic and Veterinary Toxicology, P K Gupta, Pharmamed Press
- 2. Casarett & Doull's Essentials of Toxicology by Curtis D. Klaassen, John B. Watkins
- 3. Principles of Toxicology by Karen Stine, Thomas M. Brown
- 4. Text Book of Pathology by Harsh Mohan

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the research problem
- To know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics
- To get the knowledge about technical writing
- To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments
- To know the patent rights

#### Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

#### UNIT - I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

#### **UNIT - II**

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics

#### UNIT - III

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Nature of Intellectual Property:** Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

#### UNIT-V:

**Patent Rights:** Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science &engineering students"
- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
- 3. Pharmaceutical Research Methodology and BioStatistics, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press
- 4. Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press

- 1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
- 2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- 3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.

- 6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
- 7. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) ADVANDED PHARMACOLOGY – I LAB (Lab – I)

#### List of experiments

#### Handling of laboratory animals.

- 1. Various routes of drug administration.
- 2. Study of techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.
- 3. To record the dose response curve of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation.
- 4. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by interpolation method.
- 5. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by three point method.
- 6. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by four point method.
- 7. Estimation of pA2 value on isolated tissues
- 8. Bioassay of 5-HT using rat fundus strip
- 9. Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterus
- 10. Bioassay of Acetylcholine using isolated tissue of coccyx muscles by three-point/ four-point method.
- 11. Bioassay of Adrenaline/ Acetylcholine using isolated blood vessels by three-point/ four- point method.

- 1. CPCSEA, OECD, ICH, USFDA, Schedule Y, EPA guidelines,
- 2. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
- 3. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology by S.K. Kulkarni.
- 4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
- 5. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author) Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd
- 6. A practical book of Pharmacology by Ramesh Alluri
- 7. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author) Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd.

#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology) CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS LAB (Lab - II)

The students are required to be collect Prescriptions and of clinical details of different patients for their exposure with therapeutic management and other clinical aspects. They are expected to have experience and do a case presentation in the following clinical conditions. The students have to make at least 5 case presentations covering most common diseases. The student should also submit a record of the cases presented. The list of clinical cases presented should include follow-up of the clinical cases mentioned below from the day of admission till discharge and presented in the SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) format.

- I. The cases may be selected from the following diseases:
  - 1. Neurology& Psychiatry
  - 2. Oncology
  - 3. Infectious Diseases & Immunology
  - 4. Gynecologic & Obstetric Disorders/ Ophthalmology

  - 5. Cardiology6. Dermatology
  - 7. Endocrinology
- II. Rational use of medicines in special population (three)
- III. Calculation of Bioavailability and Bioequivalence from the given data (two)
- IV. Interpretation of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring reports of a given patient (three)
- V. Calculation of various Pharmacoeconomic outcome analysis for the given data (two)

#### **Assignments**

The students are required to submit a minimum of three written assignments (1500 to 2000 words) selected from the topics on different disease conditions given to them. The students are required to discuss both the clinical and therapeutic aspects in the same.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY – II (Professional Core - III)

**Course Objective:** The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, the subject helps the student to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanism involved

**Course Outcome:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Discuss the Pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

#### **UNIT I**

**Endocrine Pharmacology:** Molecular and cellular mechanism of action of hormones such as growth hormone, prolactin, thyroid, insulin and sex hormones Anti-thyroid drugs, Oral hypoglycemic agents, Oral contraceptives, Corticosteroids. Drugs affecting calcium regulation.

#### **UNIT II**

**Chemotherapy I** Cellular and molecular mechanism of actions and resistance of antimicrobial agents such as ß-lactams, aminoglycosides, quinolones, Macrolide antibiotics. Antifungal, antiviral, and anti- TB drugs.

#### **UNIT III**

**Chemotherapy II:** Drugs used in Protozoal Infections Drugs used in the treatment of Helminthiasis Chemotherapy of cancer Immunopharmacology Cellular and biochemical mediators of inflammation and immune response. Allergic or hypersensitivity reactions. Pharmacotherapy of asthma and COPD. Immunosuppressants and Immunostimulants.

#### **UNIT IV**

**GIT Pharmacology:** Antiulcer drugs, Prokinetics, antiemetics, anti-diarrheals and drugs for constipation and irritable bowel syndrome. Chronopharmacology Biological and circadian rhythms, applications of chronotherapy in various diseases like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma, and peptic ulcer

#### **UNIT V**

**Free radicals Pharmacology:** Generation of free radicals, role of free radicals in etiopathology of various diseases such as diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases and cancer. Protective activity of certain important antioxidant Recent Advances in Treatment: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Cancer, Diabetes mellitus

- 1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gill man's
- 2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
- 3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G -Katzung
- 4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
- 5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
- 6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by ET. Herfindal and Gourley.
- 7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.
- 8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
- 9. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
- 10. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S. K Srivastava published by A P C Avichal Publishing Company.
- 11. K D. Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology Principles of Pharmacology.
- 12. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapyby David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr., EhrinJ, Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers
- 13. Advanced Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS AND TOXICOLOGY (Professional Core - IV)

**Course Objective:** This subject is designed to impart the knowledge on preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and development. The subject content helps the student to understand the maintenance of laboratory animals as per the guidelines, basic knowledge of various in-vitro and in-vivo preclinical evaluation processes

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Appraise the regulations and ethical requirement for the usage of experimental animals.
- Describe the various animals used in the drug discovery process and good laboratory practices in maintenance and handling of experimental animals
- Describe the various newer screening methods involved in the drug discovery process
- Appreciate and correlate the preclinical data to humans

#### **UNIT I**

**Laboratory Animals:** Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications Anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals Good laboratory practice. Bioassay- Principle, scope and limitations and methods

#### **UNIT II**

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.

#### **UNIT III**

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, anti-inflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, anti -emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives.

#### **UNIT IV**

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrhythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents. Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.

#### **UNIT V**

#### Toxicology:

Principles of Toxicology, Mutagenesis and Carcinogenesis.

Teratogenecity & its mechanisms, Councelling of women about teratogenic risks. Acute and Subacute, Chronic toxicity studies

Classification of Poisons, Principles of Management of Acute Poisoning, General treatment of poisoning

- 1. Biological standardization by J. H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin
- 2. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A
- 3. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach
- 4. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
- 5. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
- 6. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone
- 7. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
- 8. Experimental Pharmacology by R. K. Goyal.
- 9. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S. K. Gupta

- 10. Pharmacological Screening Methods & Toxicology by A. Srinivasa Rao
- 11. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, S K. Kulkarni
- 12. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, S K. Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.
- 13. David R. Gross. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, 2nd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, UK.
- 14. Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A. Turner.
- 15. Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Dr. Tapan Kumar chatterjee.
- 16. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author)

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) QUALITY USE OF MEDICINES (Professional Elective - III)

**Course Objective:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice quality use of medicines (QUM) in different healthcare settings and also to promote quality use of medicines, in clinical practice, through evidence-based medicine approach.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the principles of quality use of medicines
- Know the benefits and risks associated with use of medicines
- · Understand regulatory aspects of quality use of medicines
- · Identify and resolve medication related problems
- · Promote quality use of medicines
- Practice evidence-based medicines

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to Quality use of medicines (QUM):** Definition and Principles of QUM, Key partners and responsibilities of the partners, Building blocks in QMC, Evaluation process in QMC, Communication in QUM, Cost effective prescribing.

#### **UNIT II**

Concepts in QUM Evidence based medicine: Definition, concept of evidence-based medicine, Approach and practice of evidence-based medicine in clinical settings Essential drugs: Definition, need, concept of essential drug, National essential drug policy and list Rational drug use: Definition, concept and need for rational drug use, Rational drug prescribing, Role of pharmacist in rational drug use.

#### **UNIT III**

**QUM** in various settings: Hospital settings, Ambulatory care/Residential care, Role of health care professionals in promoting the QUM, Strategies to promote the QUM, Impact of QUM on E-health, integrative medicine and multidisciplinary care. QUM in special population: Pediatric prescribing, Geriatric prescribing, prescribing in pregnancy and lactation, Prescribing in immune compromised and organ failure patients.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Regulatory aspects of QUM in India:** Regulation including scheduling, Regulation of complementary medicines, Regulation of OTC medicines, Professional responsibility of pharmacist, Role of industry in QUM in medicine development.

#### **UNIT V**

**Medication errors:** Definition, categorization and causes of medication errors, Detection and prevention of medication errors, Role of pharmacist in monitoring and management of medication errors Pharmacovigilance: Definition, aims and need for pharmacovigilance, Types, predisposing factors and mechanism of adverse drug reactions (ADRs), Detection, reporting and monitoring of ADRs, Causality assessment of ADRs, Management of ADRs, Role of pharmacist in pharmacovigilance.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice Essential concepts and skills –Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata
- 2. Practical Drug Safety from A to Z By Barton Cobert, Pierre Biron, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
- 3. Andrews EB, Moore N. Mann's Pharmacovigilance
- 4. Dipiro JT, Talbert RL, Yee GC. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach
- 5. Straus SE, Richardson WS, Glasziou P, Haynes RB. Evidence-Based Medicine: How to practice and teach it
- 6. Cohen MR. Medication Errors
- 7. Online:

http://medicinesaustralia.com.au/files/2012/05/MA QUM External Reduced.pdf

http://curriculum.racgp.org.au/statements/quality-use-of-medicines/

http://www.rug.nl/research/portal/files/14051541/Chapter\_2.pdf

8. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY & PHARMACOECONOMICS (Professional Elective - III)

**Course Objective:** This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications
- Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics.
- Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services.
- Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods
- Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and itsapplications.
- Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues.
- Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings.

#### **UNIT I**

**Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology:** Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defined daily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements. Concept of risk: Measurement of risk, Attributable risk and relative risk, Time- risk relationship and odds ratio

#### **UNIT II**

**Pharmacoepidemiological Methods:** Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology

#### **UNIT III**

Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics: Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system. Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs. Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost-effective Ratio, Average Cost-Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness To Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Pharmacoeconomic evaluations:** Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences Analysis (COA).

#### IINIT V

**Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following:** Health related quality of life (HRQOL): Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures. Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in Pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics.

- 1. Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwer Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2. Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Concepts and Practice, KG. Revikumar, Pharmamed Press
- 3. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds, John Wiley & Sons, USA.
- 4. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modeling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London.
- 5. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programs Oxford University Press, London.

- 6. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and Pharmacoeconomics.
- 7. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes.
- Walley, Pharmacoeconomics.
   Pharmacoeconomic ed. by Nowakowska University of Medical Sciences, Poznan.
- 10. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature
- 11. Guru Prasad Mohanta and P K Manna, Textbook of Pharmacovigilance Concepts and Practice

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (Professional Elective - III)

**Course Objective:** The students shall know the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic on the basis of CDDS. They also know the design evaluation and application related to oral, parenteral, transdermal, implants, bioadhesives and targeted drug delivery systems.

**Course Outcomes:** Students will know the fabrication, design, evaluation and application of above drug delivery systems.

#### UNIT I

Fundamentals of controlled drug delivery systems, pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic basis of controlled drug delivery. Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following controlled releasing systems

- a. Controlled release oral drug delivery systems
- b. Parenteral controlled release drug delivery systems

#### **UNIT II**

Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following

- a. Implantable Therapeutic systems
- b. Transdermal delivery systems
- c. Ocular and Intrauterine delivery systems
- d. Vaccine delivery: Delivery systems used to promote uptake, absorption enhancers, oral immunization, controlled release microparticles for vaccine development

#### **UNIT III**

Biochemical and molecular biology approaches for drug delivery using following technologies

- a. Bio-adhesive drug delivery systems
- b. Nasal drug delivery systems
- c. Drug delivery to Colon
- d. Sublingual drug delivery systems

#### **UNIT IV**

Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following

- a. Liposomes
- b. Niosomes
- c. Microspheres
- d. Nanoparticles
- e. Resealed erythrocytes

#### UNIT - V

Drug targeting to particular organs

- a. Delivery to lungs
- b. Delivery to the brain and problems involved
- c. Drug targeting in neoplasms

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- a. Novel Drug Delivery System by Yie W. Chien.
- b. Controlled Drug Delivery by Joseph R. Robinson and Vincent H. L. Lee.
- c. Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery Systems by N. K. Jain.
- d. Targeted and Controlled Drug Delivery (Novel carrier systems) by S. P. Vyas and Khar.
- e. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes.
- f. Advances in Drug Delivery, Vol 1, 2, 3,4 by Y. Madhusudan Rao, A. V. Jithan
- g. Oral Drug Delivery Technology, 2nd ed, by Aukunuru Jithan

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACEUTICAL MANAGEMENT (Professional Elective - IV)

**Course Objective**: The topics which are present in the pharmaceutical management are very much useful to the students in personality development become a perfect Pharma professional.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- These topics are useful for the students to know how to manage a Pharma industry and its various departments viz QA, QC, RA, Production etc.
- Along with this it aids the students to develop leadership qualities, communication &interpersonal skills, decisions making, motivation, organization &various managerial functions & professional skills required for a dynamic professional.
- Management helps to understand the concept of managerial control, its levels &role, importance in pharma industry

#### **UNIT I**

Pharmaceutical Management: Meaning, Evolution-scientific, administrative and human relation approach. Process of management: Planning, organizing, staffing, directing, coordinating and controlling– a preliminary idea of concepts, processes and techniques.

#### **UNIT II**

Fundamental concepts of production, financial, personal, legal and marketing functions with special reference to Pharmaceutical Management. Introduction to budgeting, costing, accounting, auditing, and budgetary control. Entrepreneurship development.

#### **UNIT III**

Understanding organizations: Meaning, process, types of organization structures and departmentation, line/staff authority, promoting organizational culture. Organizations, pharmaceutical services and functioning of hospital pharmacy, bulk drug unit, formulation unit, Ayurvedic and Unani manufacturing units and testing labs etc.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Professional Mangers**; Tasks, responsibilities and skills needed. Leadership; Styles and managing change. Decision Making; Types, procedures, evaluation and selection of alternatives, decision making under various situations. Management information and decision support systems and time management. **Personnel Management**: Job Analysis, recruitment, selection, orientation and training, performance appraisal and compensation. Retrenchment, lay off and discharge.

#### **UNIT V**

Management of Industrial Relations: Industrial disputes, settlement of disputes through various routes such as bargaining, etc.

Motivational aspects, theories of motivation, group dynamics, rewards and incentives, interpersonal skills, significance of communication, its processes, measures for effective communication, conflict management. Stress management.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Marketing Management by Philip Kotlar; Prentice-Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Management and Organization by Louis A. Allen; McGraw Hill, Tokyo.
- 3. Pharmaceutical Industrial Management, G. Vidya Sagar, Pharmamed Press

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) NUTRACEUTICALS (Professional Elective - IV)

**Course Objectives:** The students will expose to characteristic features of various phytochemicals as nutraceuticals in various diseased conditions and also know the role of antioxidant in free radical induced disease conditions and will expose to various food laws and regulations

**Course Outcome:** Helps the student to understand the importance of Nutraceuticals in various common problems with the concept of free radicals.

#### UNIT I

- a. Definitions of Functional foods, Nutraceuticals and Dietary supplements. Classification of Nutraceuticals, Health problems and diseases that can be prevented or cured by Nutraceuticals i.e. weight control, diabetes, cancer etc.
- b. Source, Name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, Medicinal uses and health benefits of following used as nutraceuticals/functional foods: Spirulina, Soyabean, Ginseng, Garlic, Broccoli, Gingko, Flaxseeds

#### **UNIT II**

Phytochemicals as neutraceuticals: Occurrence and characteristic features (chemical nature medicinal benefits) of following

- a) Carotenoids-  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ -Carotene, Lycopene, Xanthophylls, lutein
- b) Sulfides: Diallylsulfides, Allyltrisulfide.
- c) Polyphenolics: Reservetrol
- d) Flavonoids- Rutin, Naringin, Quercitin, Anthocyanidins, catechins, Flavones
- e) Prebiotates / Probiotics.: Fructo oligosaccharides, Lacto bacillum
- f) Phytoestrogens: Isoflavones, daidzein, Geebustin, lignans
- g) Tocopherols

#### UNIT III

- a) Introduction to free radicals: Free radicals, reactive oxygen species, production of free radicals in cells, damaging reactions of free radicals on lipids, proteins, Carbohydrates, nucleic acids.
- b) Measurement of free radicals: Lipid peroxidation products, lipid hydroperoxide, malondialdehyde.

#### **UNIT IV**

- a. Free radicals in Diabetes mellitus, Inflammation, Ischemic reperfusion injury, Cancer, Atherosclerosis, Free radicals in brain metabolism and pathology, kidney damage, muscle damage. Free radicals involvement in other disorders. Free radicals theory of ageing.
- b. Antioxidants: Endogenous antioxidants enzymatic and nonenzymatic antioxidant defence, Superoxide dismutase, catalase, Glutathione peroxidase, Glutathione Vitamin C, Vitamin E, α- Lipoic acid, melatonin
  - Synthetic antioxidants: Butylatedhydroxy Toluene, Butylatedhydroxy Anisole.

#### **UNIT V**

**Food Laws and Regulations**; FDA, FPO, MPO, AGMARK. HACCP and GMPs on Food Safety. Adulteration of foods.

**Regulations and Claims** – Current Products: Label Claims, Nutrient Content Claims, Health Claims, Dietary Supplements Claims.

- 1. Dietetics by Sri Lakshmi
- 2. Role of dietary fibres and nutraceuticals in preventing diseases by K. T Agusti and P. Faizal: BS Publication.
- 3. Advanced Nutritional Therapies by Cooper. K. A., (1996).
- 4. The Food Pharmacy by Jean Carper, Simon & Schuster, UK Ltd., (1988).
- 5. Prescription for Nutritional Healing by James F. Balch and Phyllis A. Balch 2nd Edn. Avery Publishing Group, NY (1997).
- 6. G. Gibson and C. Williams Editors 2000 Functional foods Woodhead Publ. Co. London.
- 7. Goldberg, I. Functional Foods. 1994. Chapman and Hall, New York.
- 8. Labuza, T. P. 2000 Functional Foods and Dietary Supplements: Safety, Good Manufacturing Practice (GMPs) and Shelf Life Testing in *Essentials of Functional Foods* M. K. Sachmidl and T. P. Labuza

eds. Aspen Press.

- Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Third Edition (Modern Nutrition)
   Shils, ME, Olson, JA, Shike, M. 1994 Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease. Eighth edition. Lea and Febiger

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACOKINETICS AND THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING (Professional Elective - IV)

**Course Objective:** This course is designed to enable students to understand the basics principles and applications of pharmacokinetics in designing the individualized dosage regimen, to interpret the plasma drug concentration profile in pharmacokinetics, drug interactions and in therapeutic drug monitoring processes to optimize the drug dosage regimen. Also, it enables students to understand the basic concepts of HPLC, Immunoassays and TDM of selected drugs.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Design the drug dosage regimen for individual patients
- Interpret and correlate the plasma drug concentrations with patients' therapeutic outcomes
   ☐ Recommend dosage adjustment for patients IV Infusion to Oral dosing ☐ Recommend dosage adjustment for depening on patients response
- Manage TDM of selected drugs
- Apply pharmacokinetic parameters in analytical determination

#### **UNIT I**

Introduction to pharmacokinetics: Compartmental and Non-compartmental models, Renal and non- renal clearance, Organ extraction and models of hepatic clearance, Estimation and determinants of bioavailability, Multiple dosing, Calculation of loading and maintenance doses.

#### **UNIT II**

Therapeutic Drug Monitoring

Introduction, Necessity of TDM, Criteria for valid TDM, Essentials for effective TDM, Organization of a TDM service, information requirements for TDM, effectiveness of TDM.

#### **UNIT III**

Drug selection, Dosage regimen design, Pharmacokinetics of the Drug, Patient compliance, Evaluation of pateint's response, Measurement of serum drug concentrations, Monitoring serum drug concentrations, Design of dose regimens. Conversion from i.v. infusion to oral dosing. Determination of dose frequently, dosing of drugs in elderly.

#### **UNIT IV**

Analytical aspects of TDM, Uses of HPLC and Immunoassays in TDM

#### UNIT V

TDM of selected individual drugs - Aminoglycosides, Carbamazepine, Theophulline Digoxin, Methotrexate, Phenytoin, Aspirin, Lithium, Valproic acid.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and B.C. Andrew
- 2. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Clinical Biochemistry by Mike Halworth and Nigel Capps.
- 3. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Robert E. Notari.
- 4. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring by Gerald E Schumacher, Pharmamed Press
- 5. Principles and Prescriptives in Drug Bioavailability by S.Karger.
- 6. Pharmaceutics and Pharmacy Practice by Gilbert S.Banker
- 7. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 8. Dissolution, bio-availability and bio-equivalence by Abdou
- 9. Pharma Review by Leon Shargel
- 10. Current concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences by James Swarbrick
- 11. Drug Disposition and Pharmacokientics by Stephen H. Curry
- 12. Pharmacokinetics by MiloGilbaldi and Donald Perrier 2nded Marcel Dekker Inc. New York 1982.
- 13. Drug Level monitoring, Analghical Techniques, metabolism and pharmacokinetics.
- 14. Simkin: Handbook of TDM.
- 15. Goodman & Gilman's The pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics Ed. J.G. Hardman, L.E. Limbird,
- 16. P.B. Molinoff and R.W. Ruddon. International Edition. McGraw Hill.
- 17. Principles of drug action the basis of pharmacology by goldstein A., Arrow L. and Kalman S.M. 2nd ed. John Wiley & sons. Inc.New York 1974.
- 18. Clinical pharmacokinetics. Concepts and Applications by rowland M and Tozert.N. 3rd ed. Lea and Febiger Philadelphia, 1995.

- 19. Pharmacokinetics for pharmaceutical scientists Wagner J.G. Technomic. Inc. Lancaster PA 1993.
- 20. Integration of pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics and Toxico kinetics in Rational Drug Development Plenum, New York, 1993.
- 21. Applied Pharmacokinetics, Principles of Therapeutic Drug monitoring, by Evans W.E., Schentag J.J. and Jusko W.J. (Eds). 3rd ed. Applied Therapeutics Inc. Vancouvers HA. 1992.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY - II LAB (Lab – III)

#### **List of Experiments**

- 1. To record the dose response curve of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation.
- 2. Study of agonistic and antagonistic effects of drugs using isolated guinea-pig ileum / rat fundus strip preparation.
- 3. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation by interpolation method.
- 4. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea-pig ileum preparation by three point method.
- 5. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea-pig ileum preparation by four point method.
- 6. Effect of drugs on chick/rat mean arterial blood pressure (MABP) by using Condon's mercury manometer.
- 7. Effect of drugs on perfused frog heart

- 1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gill man's
- 2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
- 3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G -Katzung
- 4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
- 5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
- 6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
- 7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.
- 8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
- 9. A practical book of Pharmacology by Ramesh Alluri
- 10. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
- 11. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S. K Srivastava published by A P C Avichal Publishing Company.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology) PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS AND TOXICOLOGY LAB (Lab – IV)

#### **List of Experiments**

Study of theory, principle, procedure involved, and interpretation of given results for the following experiments:

- 1. Analgesic property of drug using analgesiometer.
- 2. Anti-inflammatory effect of drugs using rat-paw edema method.
- 3. Anticonvulsant activity of drugs using maximal electroshock and pentylenetetrazole methods.
- 4. Antidepressant activity of drugs using pole climbing apparatus and pentobarbitone induced sleeping time methods.
- 5. Locomotor activity evaluation of drugs using actophotometer and rotorod.
- 6. Cardiotonic activity of drugs using isolated frog heart and mammalian heart preparations.
- 7. Antidiabetic activity using rats / mice.n
- 8. Hepatoprotective activity
- 9. Anti ulcer activity
- 10. Antioxidant activity
- 11. Toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
- 12. Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)

- 1. Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A. Turner.
- 2. Biological standardization by J. H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin
- 3. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A
- 4. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach
- 5. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
- 6. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
- 7. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone
- 8. Pharmacological screening methods and toxicology by A. Srinivasa Rao
- 9. Experimental Pharmacology by R. K. Goyal.
- 10. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S. K. Guta
- 11. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, S K. Kulkarni
- 12. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, S K. Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.

#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmacology) BIOSTATISTICS (Professional Elective - V)

**Course Objective:** The student shall know the introduction, scope of biostatistics and Research work, calculation and present of the data

**Course Outcome**: The student will be known the Biostatistics arrangement, presentation and formation of tables and charts. They also know the correlation and regression & application of different methods, analysis of data

#### UNIT I

**Introduction and scope of biostatistics**: Use of statistics in Pharmacy. Population and Sample collection. Stages of research, types of data and methods of data collections. Data arrangement and presentation, formation of table and charts.

#### UNIT II

**Measures of central tendency**: computation of means, median and mode from grouped and ungrouped data. **Measure of dispersion**: computation of variance, standard deviation, standard error and their coefficients.

#### **UNIT III**

Measures of Correlation and Regression

Probability rules: Binomial, Poison and Normal distribution.

#### **UNIT IV**

Experimental designing, planning of an experiment, replication and randomization.

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA): 1-way, 2- Way

#### **UNIT V**

Hypothesis testing: Student 't' test, Chi square test,

Non- Parametric Tests: Sign Test, Sign Rank Test, Wilcoxon Sign Rank Test

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Statistics for business and economics 3rd edition by Vikas books publications
- 2. Biostatistics & Computer applications by GN Rao and NK Tiwari
- 3. Sokal, R.R. and Rohlf, F.J. 1987. An Introduction to Biostatistics. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- 4. Bailey, N.T.J. 1981. Statistical Methods in Biology. English University Press.
- 5. Mitchell, K. and Glover, T. 2001. Introduction to Biostatistics. McGraw Hill, Publishing Co.

- 1. Remington"s Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 2. Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Lachman
- 3. Statistics for business and economics 3rd edition by Vikas books publications
- 4. Biostatistics & Computer applications by GN Rao and NK Tiwari
- 5. Sokal, R.R. and Rohlf, F.J. 1987. An Introduction to Biostatistics. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- 6. Bailey, N.T.J. 1981. Statistical Methods in Biology. English University Press.
- 7. Mitchell, K. and Glover, T. 2001. Introduction to Biostatistics. McGraw Hill, Publishing Co.
- 8. A Textbook of Research Methodologies and Biostatistics for Pharmacy Students, KPR Chowdary, Pharmamed Press
- 9. Biostatistics and Computer Applications by G.N. Rao and N.K. Tiwari
- 10. Fundamentals of Biostatistics by Khan and Khanum
- 11. Research Methodology by RK Khanna bis and Suvasis Saha
- 12. Research methods and Quantity methods by G.N.Rao
- 13. A practical approach to PG dissertation

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmacology) HOSPITAL AND COMMUNITY PHARMACY (Professional Elective - V)

**Course Objective:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy in both hospital and community settings.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:
- Understand the organizational structure of hospital pharmacy
- Understand drug policy and drug committees
- Know about procurement & drug distribution practices
- Know the admixtures of radiopharmaceuticals
- Understand the community pharmacy management
- Know about value added services in community pharmacies

#### **UNIT I**

Introduction to Hospitals – Definition, classification, organizational structure Hospital Pharmacy: Definition, Relationship of hospital pharmacy department with other departments, Organizational structure, legal requirements, work load statistics, Infrastructural requirements, Hospital Pharmacy Budget and Hospital Pharmacy management

Hospital Drug Policy: Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee, Infection Control committee, Research & Ethics Committee, Management of Medicines as per NABH

#### UNIT I

Hospital Formulary Guidelines and its development, Developing Therapeutic guidelines, Drug procurement process, and methods of Inventory control, Methods of Drug distribution, Intravenous admixtures, Hospital Waste Management

#### **UNIT III**

**Education and training:** Training of technical staff, training and continuing education for pharmacists, Pharmacy students, Medical staff and students, Nursing staff and students, Formal and informal meetings and lectures, Drug and therapeutics newsletter.

**Community Pharmacy Practice:** Definition, roles & responsibilities of community pharmacists, and their relationship with other health care providers.

**Community Pharmacy management:** Legal requirements to start community pharmacy, site selection, lay out & design, drug display, super drug store model, accounts and audits, Good dispensing practices, Different softwares & databases used in community pharmacies. Entrepreneurship in community pharmacy.

#### IINIT IV

**Prescription** – Legal requirements & interpretation, prescription related problems responding to symptoms of minor ailments: Head ache, pyrexia, menstrual pains, food and drug allergy, OTC medication: Rational use of over the counter medications Medication counseling and use of patient information leaflets Medication adherence – Definition, factors influencing adherence behavior, strategies to improve medication adherence Patient referrals to the doctors. ADR monitoring in community pharmacies

#### **UNIT V**

**Health Promotion** – Definition and health promotion activities, family planning, Health screening services, first aid, prevention of communicable and non-communicable diseases, smoking cessation, Child & mother care **National Health Programs**- Role of Community Pharmacist in Malaria and TB control programs Home Medicines review program – Definition, objectives, Guidelines, method and outcomes Research in community pharmacy Practice

- 1. Community Pharmacy Practice Ramesh Adepu, BSP Publishers, Hyderabad
- 2. Hospital Pharmacy Hassan WE. Lea and Febiger publication.
- 3. Textbook of hospital pharmacy Allwood MC and Blackwell.
- 4. Avery's Drug Treatment, Adis International Limited.
- 5. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 6. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature
- 7. Pharmacy Practice: Essentials of Hospital, Clinical and Community Pharmacy y Sanjaykumar B. Bari, Vishal C. Gurumukhi, Pravinkumar V. Ingle, Pharmamed Press

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmacology) MEDICINAL PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY (Professional Elective - V)

**Course Objective:** The topics are designed to help the students to get exposed to various techniques of plant tissue culture. Use the biotechnological techniques for obtaining and improving the quality of natural products/medicinal plants.

**Course Outcome:** Students will gain the knowledge about various strategies of plant tissue culture and students will gain knowledge about various secondary metabolites produced by plant tissue culture.

#### **UNIT I**

Introduction to Plant biotechnology: Historical perspectives, prospects for development of plant biotechnology as a source of medicinal agents. Laboratory Organization, Sterilization techniques (Aseptic transfer) Concepts of Totipotency, Nutritional requirements, Media preparation, Explant preparation, Establishment of Aseptic cultures. Biotechnological applications of Plant Tissue culture in pharmacy and allied fields.

#### **UNIT II**

Different tissue culture techniques: Types and techniques of plant tissue culture, Organogenesis and embryogenesis, Protoplast fusion, synthetic seed and Micro propagation of medicinal and aromatic plants.

#### **UNIT III**

Immobilization techniques & Secondary Metabolite Production: Immobilization techniques of plant cell and its application, Precursors and elicitors on production of secondary metabolites, Cryopreservation of germ plasm.

#### **UNIT IV**

Biotransformation and Trangenesis: Biotransformation of Plant Cell Culture and its importance in secondary metabolite production. Bioreactors for pilot and large scale cultures of plant cells and retention of biosynthetic potential in cell culture. Transgenic technology-Hairy root multiple shoot cultures and their applications.

#### **UNIT V**

Secondary metabolism in tissue cultures with emphasis on production of medicinal agents- Production of Secondary metabolites from callus culture and suspension culture with emphasis on production of biomedicinals like- Ajmalicine, Artemisin, Shikonin, Carotenoids and Rosemarinic acid.

- 1. Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology by Ashutoshkar
- 2. Introduction to plant tissue culture by M.K. Razadam
- 3. Plant Tissue Culture by Bhojwani
- 4. Medicinal Plant Biotechnology by ciddi veeresham
- 5. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology by J.M. Walker and E.D. Gingo
- 6. Advanced methods in Plant breeding and Biotechnology by David R Mirray
- 7. Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro-Bio, 3rd revised edition.
- 8. Biotechnological applications to tissue culture by Shargool, Peter D, Shargoal, CKC Press.
- 9. Pharmacognosy by Varo E. Tyler, Lynn R. Brady and James E. Robberrt, That Tjen, NG
- 10. Plant tissue culture by Street
- 11. Medicinal plant biotechnology by Ciddi Veeresham
- 12. Pharmaceuticals biotechnology by S.P. Vyas & V.K. Dixit

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course objectives: Students will be able to:

- Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
- Learn about what to write in each section
- Understand the skills needed when writing a Title Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

#### UNIT-I:

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

#### UNIT-II:

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts. Introduction

#### UNIT-III:

Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.

#### I INIT-IV

key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature,

#### UNIT-V:

skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions. useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

- 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book.
- 4. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
- 5. Academic Writing, Ajay Semalty, Pharmamed Press

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) DISASTER MANAGEMENT (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

#### Course Objectives: Students will be able to

- learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches,
- planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

#### UNIT-I:

#### Introduction:

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference Between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

#### **Disaster Prone Areas in India:**

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

#### IJNIT-II

#### Repercussions of Disasters and Hazards:

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines, Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills, Outbreaks of Disease and Epidemics, War and Conflicts.

#### UNIT-III:

#### **Disaster Preparedness and Management:**

Preparedness: Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

#### UNIT-IV:

#### **Risk Assessment Disaster Risk:**

Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

#### UNIT-V:

#### **Disaster Mitigation:**

Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.

- Disaster Management: Hazard and Risk Awareness A Comprehensive Approach, N. V. S. Raju, BS Publications
- 2. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences and Reflections", Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.
- 3. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration and Management Text and Case Studies", Deep &Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
- Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power
- The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

#### Course Outcomes: Students will be able to

- Understanding basic Sanskrit language
- Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
- Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students

#### UNIT-I:

Alphabets in Sanskrit,

#### UNIT-II:

Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences

#### UNIT-III:

Order, Introduction of roots,

#### UNIT-IV:

Technical information about Sanskrit Literature

#### UNIT-V:

Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics

- 1. "Abhyaspustakam" Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
- 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) VALUE EDUCATION (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course Objectives: Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self- development
- · Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

#### Course outcomes: Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development
- Learn the importance of Human values
- Developing the overall personality

#### UNIT-I:

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

#### UNIT-II:

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

#### **UNIT-III:**

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline, Punctuality, Love and Kindness.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

#### UNIT-V:

Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively

- Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 2. Indian Culture Values and Professional Ethics, P. S. R. Murty, BS Publications

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) CONSTITUTION OF INDIA (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

#### Course Objectives: Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

#### Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP]
  under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct
  elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

#### UNIT-I:

**History of Making of the Indian Constitution:** History Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working), **Philosophy of the Indian Constitution:** Preamble, Salient Features.

#### UNIT-II

**Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties:** Fundamental Rights Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

#### UNIT-III:

**Organs of Governance:** Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualification, Powers and Functions.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Local Administration:** District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

#### UNIT-V:

**Election Commission:** Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) PEDAGOGY STUDIES (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course Objectives: Students will be able to:

- Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.
- Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

#### Course Outcomes: Students will be able to understand:

- What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and quidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction and Methodology:** Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.

#### UNIT-II:

**Thematic overview:** Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.

#### UNIT-III:

Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices, Methodology for the indepth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the scho curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Professional development:** alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support, Peer support, Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment, Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes

#### UNIT-V:

**Research gaps and future directions:** Research design, Contexts, Pedagogy, Teacher education, Curriculum and assessment, Dissemination and research impact.

- 1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261.
- 2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
- 3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
- 5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
- 6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
- 7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To achieve overall health of body and mind
- To overcome stress

#### Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

- Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also
- Improve efficiency

#### UNIT-I:

Definitions of Eight parts of yog. (Ashtanga)

#### **UNIT-II:**

Yam and Niyam.

#### UNIT-III:

Do's and Don't's in life.

- i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha
- ii) Shaucha, santosh, tapa, swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan

#### UNIT-IV:

Asan and Pranayam

#### UNIT-V:

- i) Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body
- ii) Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam

- 1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-I": Janardan Swami Yogabhyasi Mandal, Nagpur
- 2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Pharm (Pharmacology) PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS (Audit Course - I & II)

### Prerequisite: None Course Objectives:

- To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- To awaken wisdom in students

#### Course Outcomes: Students will be able to

- Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
- The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
- Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students

#### UNIT-I:

Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality

- Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom)
- Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism)
- Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue)

#### UNIT-II:

Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality

- Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's)
- Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's)

#### UNIT-III:

Approach to day to day work and duties.

- Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48,
- Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35, Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17, 23, 35,
- Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.

#### UNIT-IV:

Statements of basic knowledge.

- Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68
- Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18
- Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta:

#### UNIT-V:

- Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42,
- Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39
- Chapter18 Verses 37,38,63

- 1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata.
- 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.